

February 7, 2020

# SATO HOLDINGS CORPORATION

FY2019 Q3 Financial Results (Nine Months Ended December 31, 2019)

Securities Code: 6287

## Summary

- Both consolidated sales and OI increased YoY.
- Overseas, sales remained flat while OI increased
   YoY. Excluding adverse FX impact, both sales and
   OI increased as performance remained strong.
- In Japan, both sales and OI increased YoY driven by mechatronics as solution offerings grew.
- The full year guidance has been revised to reflect increased uncertainty.



#### Consolidated

## Sales and OI by Business Segment

(Millions of JPY)

			FY2019	FY2018	YoY	
			F12019	LIZ010	TOT	excl. FX impact
	Auto-ID	Total Sales	87,508	86,415	101.3%	103.3%
	Solutions Dusiness	Operating Income	6,710	6,586	101.9%	103.9%
		Total Sales	32,725	33,017	99.1%	104.5%
	Overseas	Operating Income	1,928	1,894	101.8%	109.9%
	_	Total Sales	54,782	53,397	102.6%	102.6%
	Japan	Operating Income	4,782	4,691	101.9%	101.5%
		Total Sales	294	346	85.1%	90.1%
	DP business	Operating Income	-1,055	-1,013	-	-
	Consolidated	Total Sales	87,803	86,761	101.2%	103.3%
	(incl. eliminations)	Operating Income	5,645	5,444	103.7%	105.0%



#### **Auto-ID Solutions Business**

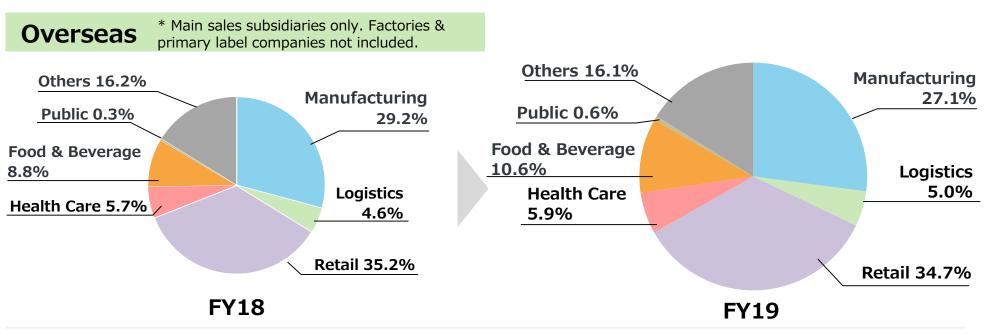
#### Sales and OI by Region

(Millions of JPY) Sales Overseas 37.4% Overseas 38.2% Asia/Oceania Asia/Oceania 12.6% 12.1% Europe 13.7% Europe 13.9% FY19 FY18 87,508 86,415 The Americas The Americas 11.4% 11.9% Japan 61.8% Japan 62.6% **Operating Income** \*Ratio excludes eliminations. Overseas 28.7% Overseas 29.5% Asia/Oceania Asia/Oceania 22.5% 17.5% Europe 2.9% FY19 FY18 6,710 Europe 6.1% 6,586 The Americas The Americas 8.3% 0.9% Japan 70.5% Japan 71.3%

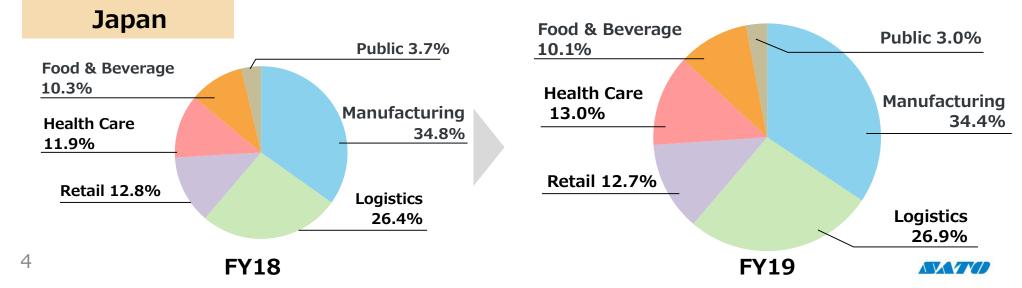
<sup>3</sup> OI Ratio: **Japan : 8.8%, Overseas : 5.7%** 

OI Ratio: Japan : 8.7%, Overseas : 5.9%

#### **Auto-ID Solutions Business**



#### **Sales by Vertical**



## **Consolidated Results**

(Millions of JPY)

	FY2019	FY2018	Change		
	112019	112010	Change	YoY	
Net Sales	87,803	86,761	+1,041	101.2%	
Operating Income	5,645	5,444	+201	103.7%	
<b>Operating Income %</b>	6.4%	6.3%	+0.2pt	_	
Ordinary Income	5,362	5,104	+257	105.1%	
Profit attributable to owners of parent *1	4,157	3,078	+1,078	135.0%	
Effective Tax Rate <sup>*2</sup>	30.0%	39.7%	-9.7pt		
EBITDA*3	10,096	9,628	+467	104.9%	

Average exchange rates for Apr-Dec FY19: JPY 108.64 /USD, JPY 121.02 /EUR, Apr-Dec FY18: JPY 111.14/USD, JPY 129.46 /EUR FX sensitivity for FY19: JPY +423 million in sales and JPY +5 million in OI for +1 JPY against USD and assuming all others move by the same ratio

\*1 Profit attributable to owners of parent in Apr-Sep FY19 reflected extraordinary income from gain on sale of fixed assets overseas.

\*2 Effective Tax Rate of Apr-Sep FY18 was high due mainly to adjustments related to reorganization of Japanese subsidiaries.

\*3 EBITDA = Operating Income + Depreciation + Amortization

·Depreciation for Apr-Dec FY19: JPY 3,794 million

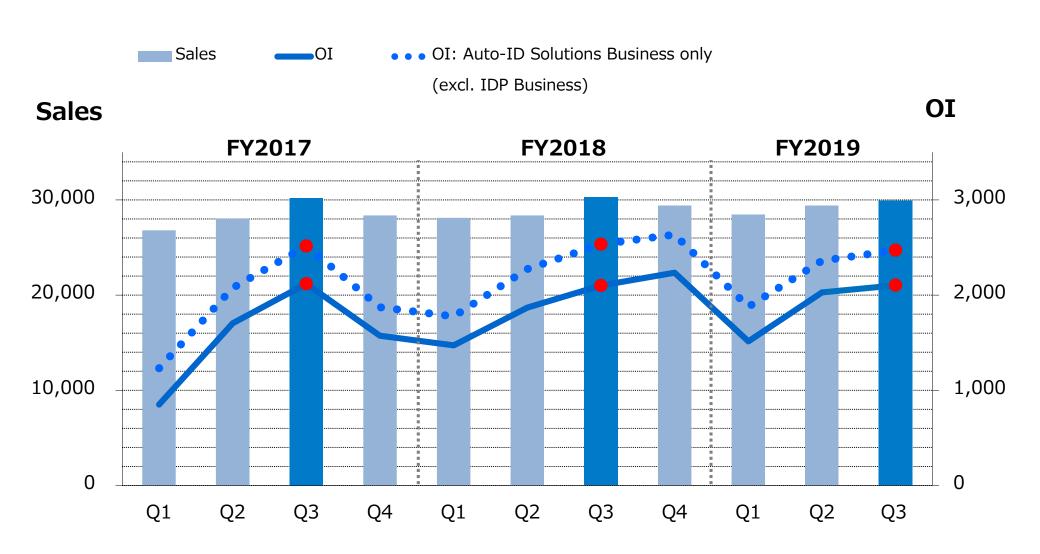
•Amortization for Apr-Dec FY19: JPY 656 million (incl. 439 mil. for DataLase)

Apr-Dec FY18: JPY 3,335 million Apr-Dec FY18: JPY 848 million (incl.467 mil. for DataLase)

#### Consolidated

## **Quarterly Consolidated Sales & OI**

(Millions of JPY)

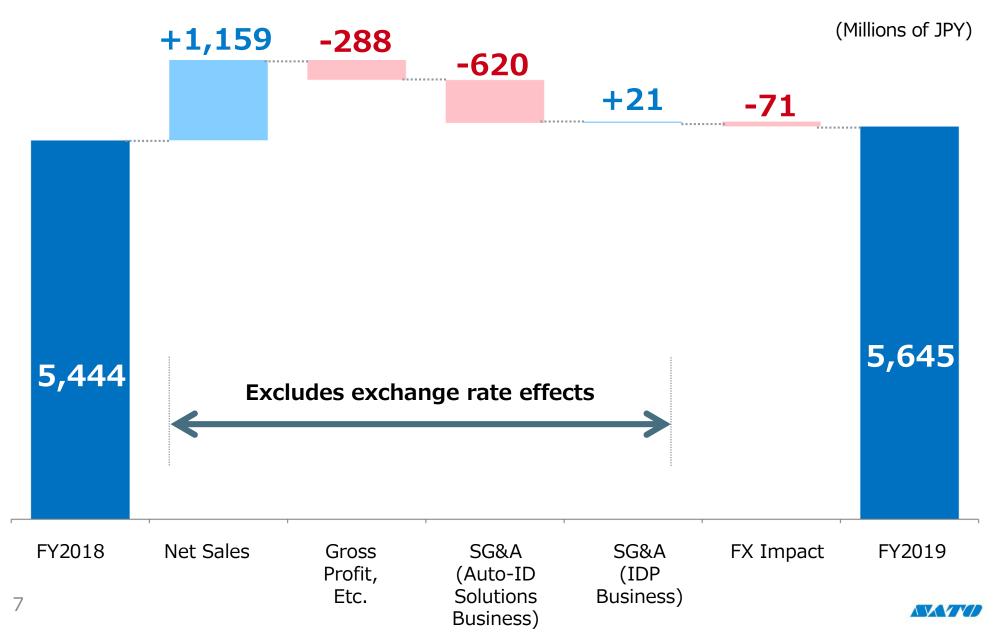


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Consolidated

**Apr-Dec** 

## Major Gains/Losses in OI



#### **Overview**

Sales remained flat while OI increased YoY. Excluding adverse FX impact, both sales and OI increased as performance remained strong.

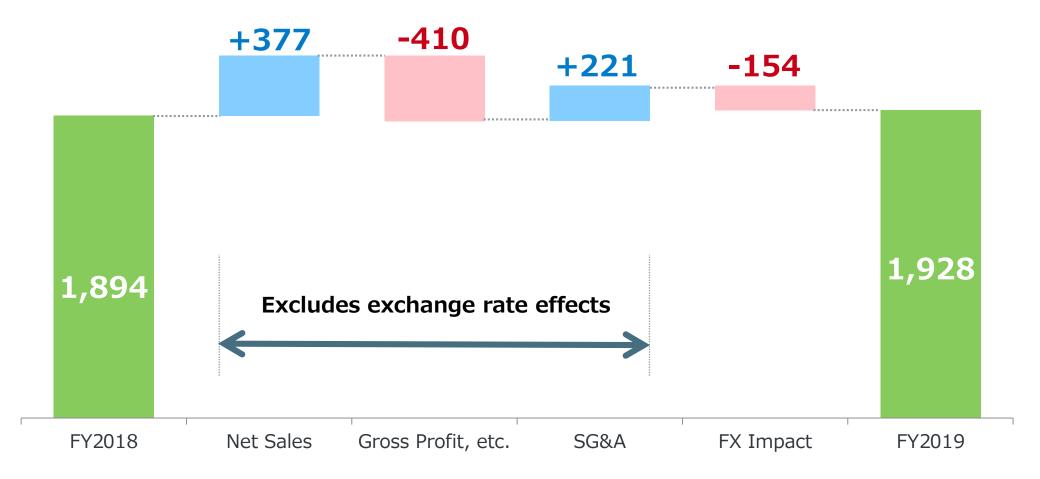
(Millions of JPY)

	FY2019	FY2018	Change YoY		excl. FX impact
Total Sales	32,725	33,017	-291	99.1%	104.5%
Gross Profit Gross Profit %	11,510 35.2%	12,245 37.1%	-734 -1.9pt	94.0% -	-
Operating Income	1,928	1,894	+33	101.8%	109.9%
Operating Income %	5.9%	5.7%	+0.2pt	-	-



## Major Gains/Losses in OI







## **Breakdown by Business Segment**

Base business: Sales decreased YoY mainly by China-related business due to trade conflict with US. OI increased as loss-making US software development subsidiary was liquidated and the UK sales subsidiary turned profitable.

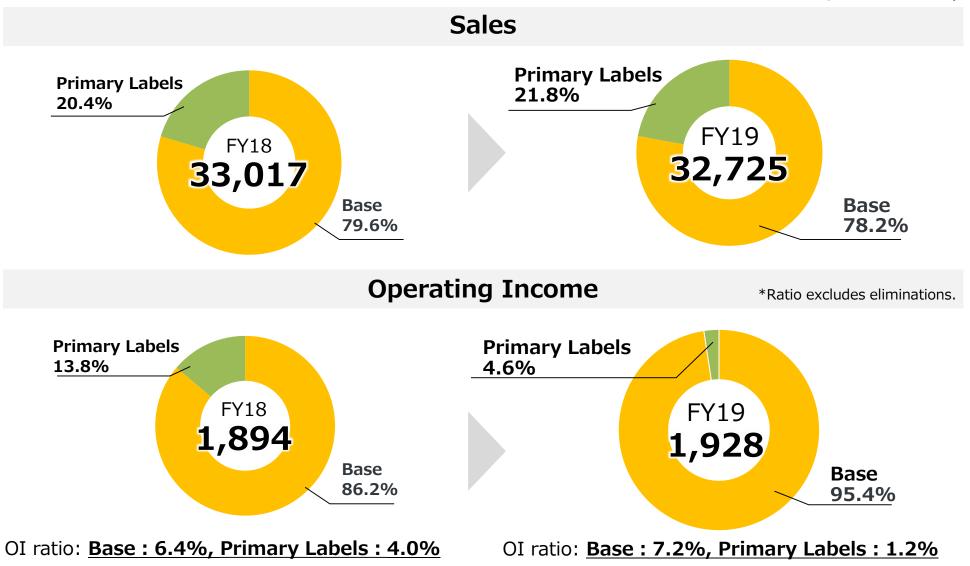
Primary Labels business: Sales increased thanks to contributions from Okil in Russia, while OI decreased due to higher raw materials costs at Okil as well as adverse FX impact.

**FY2019 FY2018** Change excl. FX YoY impact **Total Sales** 25,583 26,270 -686 97.4% 101.9% Base **Operating Income** 1,836 108.4% 112.8% 1,694 +142**Total Sales** 7,142 6,746 +395105.9% 114.6% **Primary Labels Operating Income** 32.6% 88 271 -183 61.6% **Eliminations Operating Income** 3 +74-70 **Base Sales Primary Labels Sales** Base OI -Primary Labels OI Sales ΟΙ **FY2018** FY2017 FY2019 10,000 800 600 8,000 6,000 400 200 4,000 2,000 0 -200 0 10 Q2 Q3 Q3 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q1 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q4

(Millions of JPY)

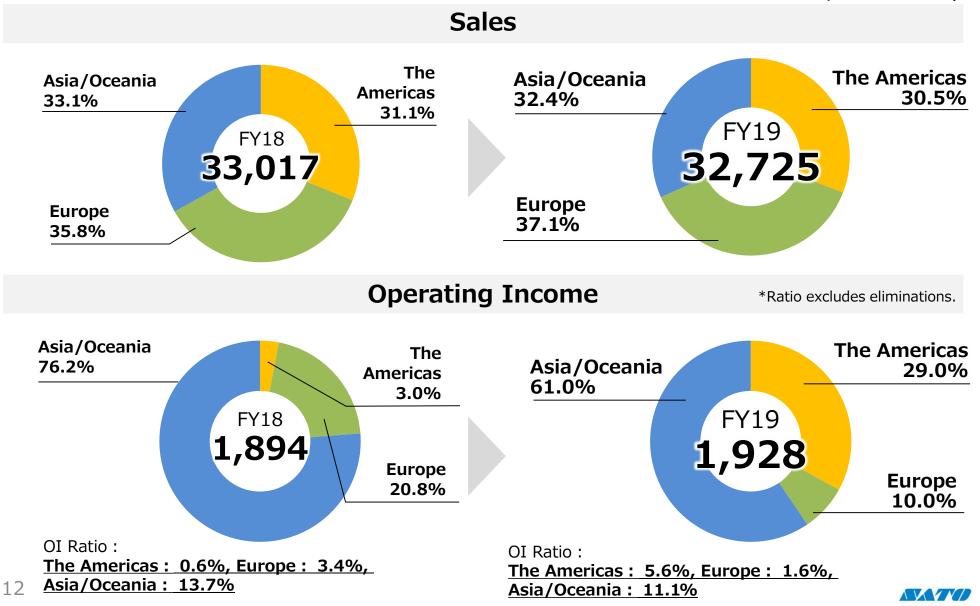
#### Breakdown of Sales and OI by Business Segment

(Millions of JPY)

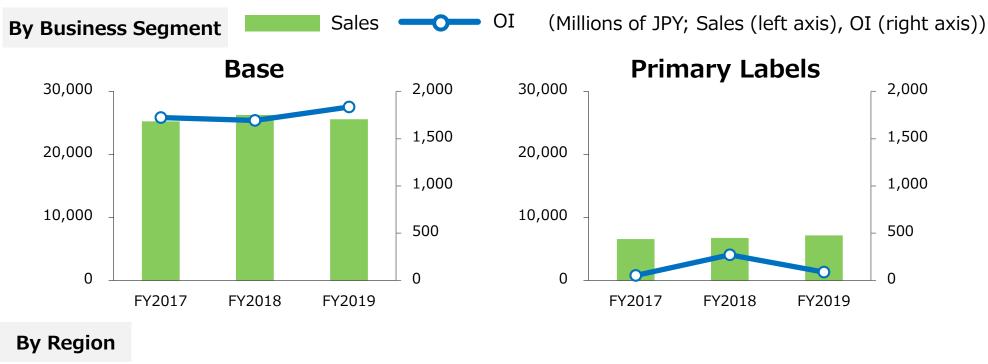


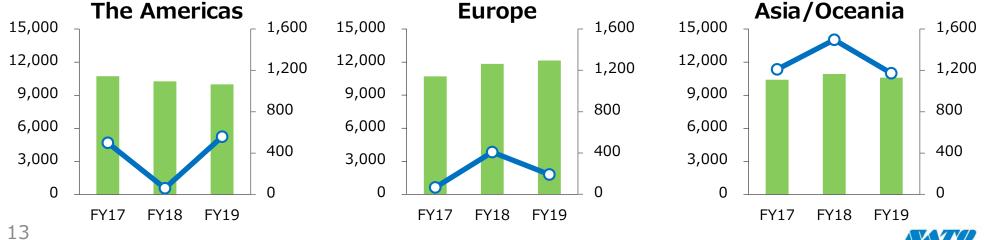
#### Breakdown of Sales and OI by Region

(Millions of JPY)



#### Sales and OI Trends by Business Segment and Region





## **Breakdown by Region: The Americas**

Base business: Direct sales business grew at the US subsidiary, but sales decreased YoY due to factors including adverse FX impact. OI increased significantly due to the elimination of R&D cost from the liquidated US software development subsidiary.

Primary Labels business: Sales decreased YoY due to adverse FX impact, but OI increased significantly due mainly to Achernar in Argentina, which managed to pass on cost increases to customers.

(Millions of JPY)

					FY2019	9	FY2018		Change	YoY	excl. FX impact
Base		Total	Sales		8,3	23	8,53	88	-214	97.5%	0 101.4%
Dase		Opera	ting In	come	4	41		4	+437	105×	112x
Primary		Total	Sales		1,6	61	1,71	18	-56	96.7%	123.3%
<ul><li>Acheri</li><li>Prakol</li></ul>			ting In	ting Income		.16	55		+61	210.1%	352.9%
<b>Sales</b> 4,000	Base	Sales	Prima	ary Labels	s Sales 🗕	Base	OI Pr	imary	Labels OI		<b>OI</b> _ 400
		FY2017		FY2018			FY2019				
3,000 -			-								200
2,000 -											0
1,000 -											-200
1 0											-400
14 0 1	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 (	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2 (	23

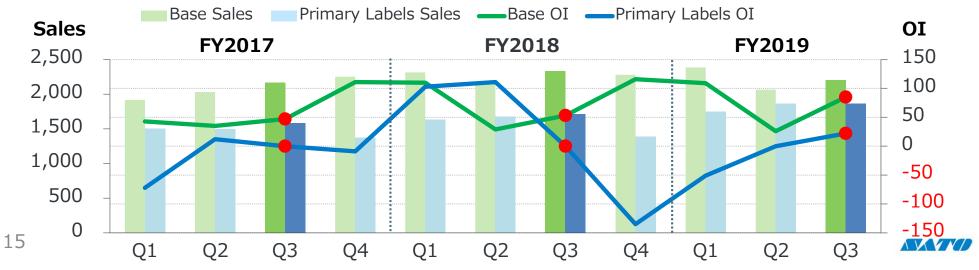
## Breakdown by Region: Europe

Base business: Sales decreased YoY mainly due to adverse FX impact. In addition to securing a large order in 1H, the UK sales subsidiary also made structural reforms that lead to increase OI.

Primary Labels business: Sales increased thanks to new business engineered by Okil in Russia. However, OI decreased due to higher raw materials cost and adverse FX impact.

(Millions of JPY)

		FY2019	FY2018	Change	YoY	excl. FX impact
Daga	Total Sales	6,658	6,806	-148	97.8%	104.5%
Base	<b>Operating Income</b>	221	192	+28	114.9%	124.3%
Primary Labels <ul> <li>Okil</li> </ul>	Total Sales	5,480	5,028	+452	109.0%	111.6%
• X-Pack	Operating Income	-28	215	-244	-	-

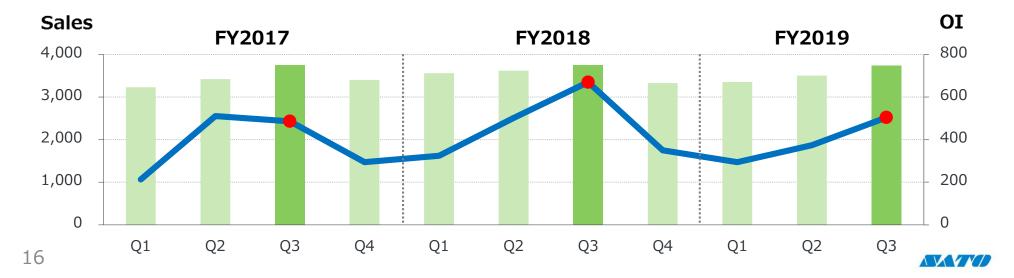


### Breakdown by Region: Asia/Oceania

Base business: Sales and OI decreased YoY due to trade conflict resulting in slower business at Chinese sales subsidiaries and the printer subsidiary in Taiwan for which China is the main market.

(Millions of JPY)

		FY2019	FY2018	Change	YoY	excl. FX impact
Base	Total Sales	10,601	10,925	-323	97.0%	100.6%
Dase	Operating Income	1,173	1,497	-324	78.3%	80.3%
Sales —OI —						



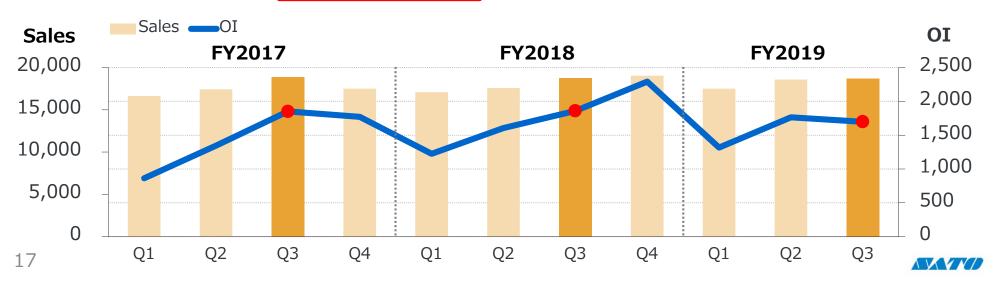
#### Auto-ID Solutions Business (Japan)

### **Overview**

#### Both sales and OI increased YoY driven by mechatronics as solution offerings grew.

(Millions of JPY)

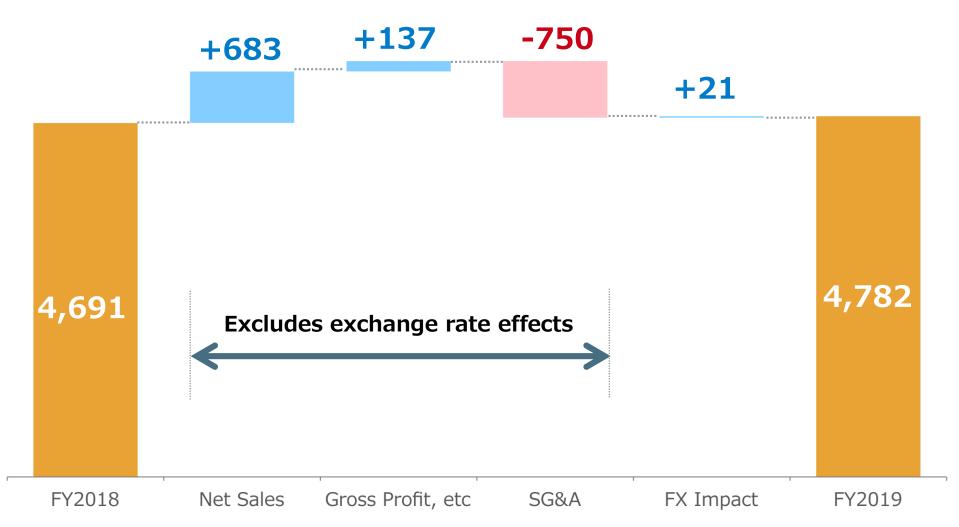
	FY2019	FY2018	Change	YoY		
Mechatronics Sales Consumables Sales	22,086 32,696	20,168 33,229	+1,917 -532	109.5% 98.4%		
Total Sales	54,782	53,397	+1,385	102.6%		
Gross Profit Gross Profit %	27,194 49.6%	26,353 49.4%	+840 +0.3pt	103.2% -		
Operating Income	4,782	4,691	+90	101.9%		
Operating Income %	8.7%	8.8%	-0.1pt	-		



#### **Apr-Dec**

## Major Gains/Losses in OI

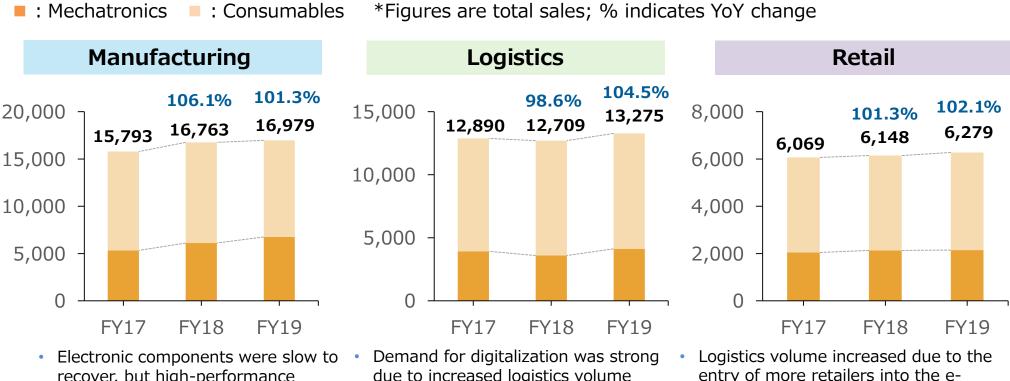






## Sales by Vertical (Apr-Dec) [1]

(Millions of JPY)



- Electronic components were slow to recover, but high-performance chemical and steel materials continued to perform well. Overall, there was continued willingness to invest in productivity improvements.
- Solutions involving RFID and location tracking systems expanded and mechatronics sales performed well,
- 19 mainly in addressing labor shortages.

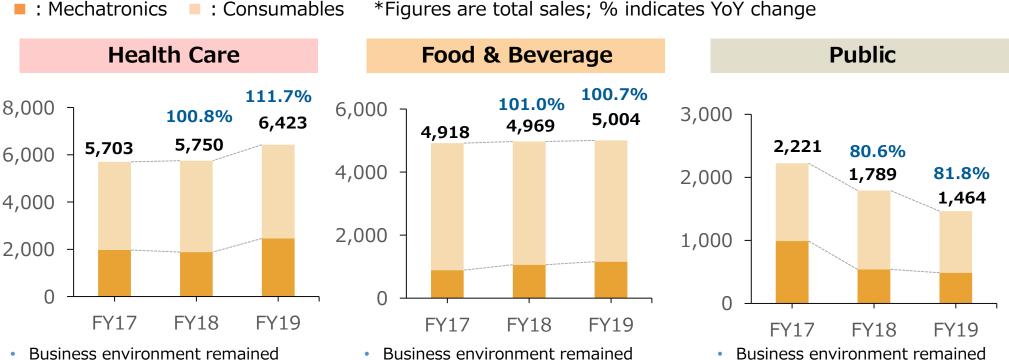
- Demand for digitalization was strong due to increased logistics volume resulting from buoyant e-commerce, as well as labor shortages and regulatory compliance.
- Mechatronics sales performed well as business expanded in solutions in addition to automated printing/labeling and carton forming/sealing.
- Logistics volume increased due to the entry of more retailers into the ecommerce market. Demand related to labor shortages and regulatory compliance remained strong.
- Increased logistics volume drove increases in consumables sales.
   Mechatronics sales performed well due to solutions for automation and HACCP compliance.

Consumables

## Sales by Vertical (Apr-Dec) [2]

(Millions of JPY)

Apr-Dec



favorable due mainly to steady demand related to labeling of drugs and medical devices, and labor shortage.

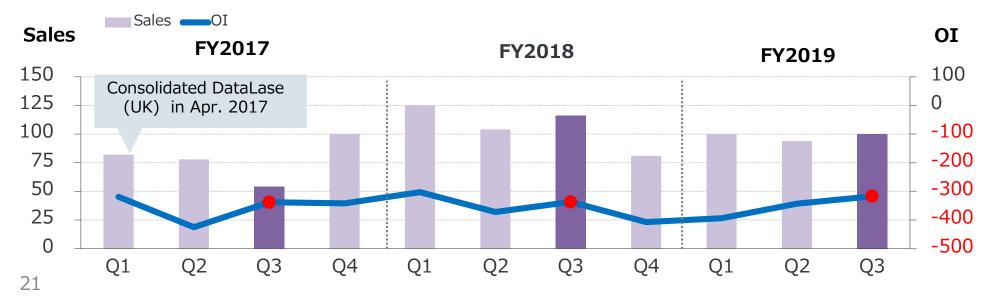
: Mechatronics

- Sales of solutions utilizing barcodes and • RFIDs performed well. Balanced sales approach has led to a better mix of business opportunities.
- favorable as the industry sought compliance to amended regulations and enhancement of manufacturing process control.
- Printer-replacement orders and compliance with regulatory revisions led to sales growth in mechatronics. Consumables sales were down slightly due to factors such as reducing low margin businesses.
- Business environment remained stable.
- While new orders increased, most are coming in Q4. Sales dropped YoY as a volume-order customer adjusted inventories of consumables.

### **Overview**

**R&D progressed largely as planned, and the service is under assessment.** (Millions of JPY)

	FY2019	FY2018	Change	ΥοΥ	excl. FX impact
Total Sales	294	346	-51	85.1%	90.1%
Gross Profit Gross Profit %	188 63.9%	324 93.5%	-135 -29.7pt	58.1% -	- -
<b>Operating Income</b>	-1,055	-1,013	-41	-	-
Operating Income %	-	-	-	-	-

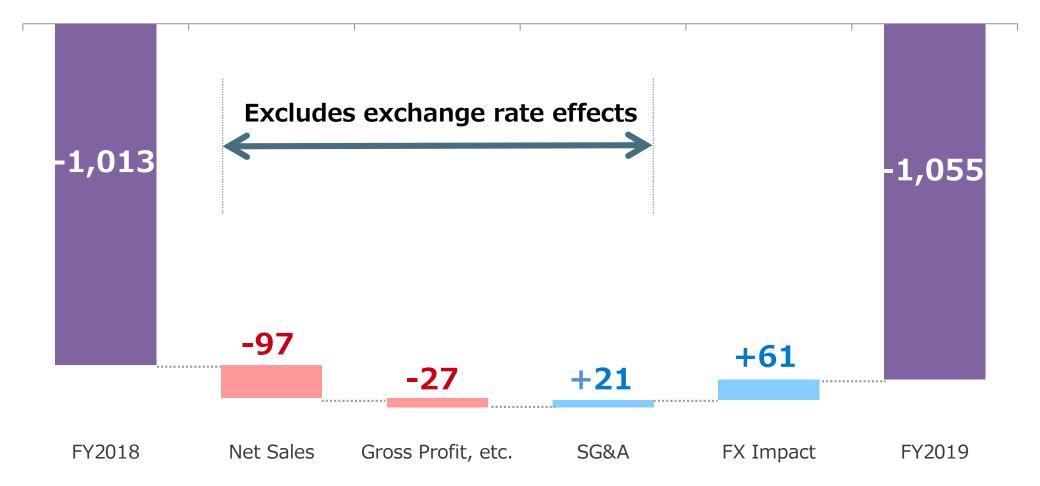


**IDP Business** 

**Apr-Dec** 

## Major Gains/Losses in OI

(Millions of JPY)





#### Consolidated

## **FY2019 Consolidated Forecasts**

(Millions of JPY)

	Apr – Dec		Jan –	Mar	Full Year		
	Results	YoY	Forecast	YoY	Forecast	YoY	
Net Sales	87,803	101.2%	30,196	102.6%	118,000 (120,000)	101.6%	
Operating Income	5,645	103.7%	2,154	96.4%	<b>7,800</b> (8,500)	101.6%	
Ordinary Income	5,362	105.1%	2,037	81.0%	7,400 (8,100)	97.1%	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	4,157	135.0%	842	121.2%	5,000 (5,900)	132.5%	
	<reference> * Figures in parentheses are forecasts announced as of Nov.</reference>					Nov. 1, 2019	
EBITDA*	13,250	←FY2018 full year			13,400 (14,100)	101.1%	

\* EBITDA=Operating Income + Depreciation + Amortization

Exchange rates assumed in FY19 forecast: JPY 108/USD, JPY 120/EUR Average exchange rates for Apr-Dec FY19: JPY 108.64/USD, JPY 121.02/EUR Average exchange rates for FY18: JPY 110.92/USD, JPY 128.44/EUR



# Appendix

## SATO Terminologies Page 25–28



## SATO Terminologies (1/4)

	SATO-unique business concepts/initiatives	Description*
1	Auto-ID Solutions business	Our business that carries out <u>DCS &amp; Labeling +One</u> . It is specifically about integrating barcode printers/labels, software and services designed in-house with products and technologies from partners to resolve customers' worksite issues. This business is separated into Overseas and Japan segments, with the former comprised of the <u>Base</u> and the <u>Primary Labels businesses</u> .
2	Base business	Business of tagging variable information at customer's site of operations.
3	Primary Labels business	Overseas business of <u>tagging</u> fixed information via product labels and other media. This business operates from SATO Group companies; <u>Achernar</u> (Argentina), <u>Prakolar</u> (Brazil), <u>Okil</u> (Russia) and <u>X-Pack</u> (Russia).
4	IDP business	Develops, manufactures and sells materials used mainly in Inline Digital Printing ( <u>IDP</u> ). A reporting segment formerly named "Materials business."
5	Koto-uri (Selling the solution, not the product)	Sales approach of selling not the product but combinations of products in the form of solutions that include hardware, <u>consumables</u> , maintenance services and software, together with ROI and other value propositions for the customer.
6	Tagging	The process of physically attaching to something data that identifies and/or locates it. This involves digitizing information of the things it is tagged to so that the tagged data can be fed to and processed by core IT systems.
7	DCS & Labeling +One (DCS: Data Collection Systems)	SATO's business model that incorporates auto-ID technology (such as barcodes and <u>RFID</u> ) with barcode printers and labels/labeling services to (a) systematically collect data on people and things at business sites and (b) offer <u>tagging</u> /labeling of information, using accurate, efficient and optimized solutions. In line with increasingly sophisticated user needs, SATO also pursues a policy of open innovation and partnerships to provide value-added "+One" technologies such as image/voice recognition, location tracking and sensors to its legacy business model to better solve customer challenges.
8	Matching data with people and things	Connecting people and things at customer sites with information. Ever since our days of pioneering in hand labelers that attached price and other information to products, this concept has remained central to SATO's business.

(\*) Underlined terms are described under its own heading



## SATO Terminologies (2/4)

	SATO-unique business concepts/initiatives	Description					
9	Genbaryoku	Our core competency of going to customer sites to understand their operations and identify the essence of issues to offer optimized solutions. It is our ability to (1) integrate products, services and technologies into solutions, working together with strategic partners, (2) address a wide range of market, industry and application needs with our expertise in sites of operations, and (3) offer maintenance services and solutions continuously to build trust and establish lasting relationships with customers.					
10	Teiho	Teiho is SATO's unique system of reports and proposals in effect since 1976. Employees share new information and ideas they come across on-site every day to top management via the Teiho system. Teiho helps top management gain immediate insight into the internal/external business situation to facilitate quick decision-making and execution of initiatives, while allowing "participation by all" in the management of the company. As Teiho reports are directly addressed to top management, it is also an effective means of compliance monitoring to prevent malpractice and other inappropriate behavior and assist in corporate governance. Some of our global offices have also started Teiho, with more to follow.					
11	AAP (Area Alliance Partner)	Our initiative in Japan to segment regions into smaller divisions and form alliances with partners having strong presence in areas/industries that we have yet to cover.					
	Products, services, technologies	Description					
1	Mechatronics	All products not <u>consumables</u> , including hardware (e.g., printers, automatic labelers, scanners, hand labelers), software and maintenance services. They generate higher gross profit margin than <u>consumables</u> . Printers are manufactured in Malaysia, Vietnam and Taiwan.					
2	Consumables	"Consumable" products such as <u>variable information labels</u> , <u>RFID</u> tags, primary labels (product labels) and ribbons. They generate lower gross profit margin than <u>mechatronics</u> , but incur low SG&A expenses as they are typically sold through repeat business.					
3	Auto-ID Solutions	Combination of products such as printers, labels, software and maintenance services using auto-ID technologies to carry out <u>DCS &amp; Labeling +One</u> . To meet ever complex and diverse customer challenges, SATO also looks beyond its own resources and interests by pursuing partnerships, for example, to enable location technologies to track items by tags and inventory/worker movements in real time for managing manufacturing processes and visualizing productivity on-site.					



## SATO Terminologies (3/4)

Pr	oducts, services, technologies	Description
4	SOS (SATO Online Services)	A cloud-based monitoring service for printers that enables preventative maintenance and on-the-spot troubleshooting. With SOS, users can view the status of their cloud-connected printers at a glance and manage them centrally with ease, while SATO can increase productivity of its service personnel, allowing for even small service teams (as is often the case overseas) to provide improved support.
5	AEP (Application Enabled Printing)	A powerful on-board intelligence which enables customization of printer operation. Printers can link to other systems on a stand-alone basis, without going through any computers.
6	Variable information labels	Blank or pre-printed labels used to print information elements such as barcode, product price and manufactured or expiry date that vary with every customer's site of operation. Unlike fixed information labels that are identical and printed at large quantities in a single run, variable information labels can be printed on-demand as and when needed.
7	RFID (Radio Frequency Identification)	A type of auto-ID technology that uses radio waves to read/write data from/to an RFID tag without making contact. RFID offers faster read rates (from reading multiple tags at the same time) and greater read range than traditional barcode technology. Also, unlike barcodes, RFID tags can be read when covered by another object or stained, and are read/write-capable to enable updates to the encoded data. Because of these key benefits, RFID can significantly improve operational efficiency.
8	IDP (Inline Digital Printing)	A revolutionary, direct marking technology comprised of a special heat-sensitive pigment that can be applied as a coating to virtually any substrate and exposed to a laser beam to create a color change. As IDP uses no ink or labels at the point of printing, it eliminates the need for labeling, minimizes stock keeping units (SKUs) and reduces waste, while shortening time spent on hardware maintenance. Besides delivering cost savings, productivity improvements and environmental benefits, IDP allows the printing of variable data for late stage customization/personalization of products and packaging, making it ideal for real-time, consumer-directed marketing. Development for multicolor capability — crucial for enhancing marketing effectiveness — is currently underway with commercialization targeted for FY 2021.

## SATO Terminologies (4/4)

	Key acquisitions since 2012	Description
1	Argox Information Co., Ltd. (Taiwan)	[2012] Company engaging in the development, production and sales of entry level printers.
2	Achernar S.A. (Argentina)	[2012] Company specializing in primary labels.
3	Magellan Technology Pty Ltd. (Australia)	[2013] Company from which SATO acquired its healthcare business for PJM (Phase Jitter Modulation), a highly superior <u>RFID</u> technology that can quickly and accurately identify large volumes of tagged items stacked or stored in any physical orientation even in the presence of metals and liquids. Now SATO Vicinity Pty Ltd.
4	Okil-Holding, JSC (Russia)	[2014] Primary labels company in which SATO acquired 75% ownership stake. X-Pack is affiliated with Okil.
5	Prakolar Rótulos Autoadesivos LTDA. (Brazil)	[2015] Company specializing in primary labels.
6	DataLase Ltd. (UK)	[2017] Company engaging in the development, production and sales of the <u>IDP</u> color-change pigment and related products. Now a SATO consolidated subsidiary.
Overseas subsidiary founded after 2017		Description
1	X-Pack (Russia)	[2017] A subsidiary producing and selling shrink sleeves, in-mould labels and soft packages in <u>Primary</u> Labels business, owned 60% by SATO Holdings.
2	SATO Healthcare Switzerland AG	[2018] A subsidiary specializing in health care, owned 100% by SATO Holdings.
3	SATO Productivity Solutions Mexico S.A. de C.V.	[2019] A sales subsidiary, mainly focusing on automobile industry, owned nearly 100% by SATO Holdings.





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