

November 9, 2022

SATO HOLDINGS CORPORATION

FY2022 1H Financial Results

(Six Months Ended September 30, 2022)

Securities Code: 6287

FY22 Apr-Sep
Results
and
Full-Year Forecasts

FY22 Oct-Mar Initiatives



FY22 Apr-Sep
Results
and
Full-Year Forecasts

FY22 Oct-Mar Initiatives



Summary

Consolidated

Sales and OI increased YoY for Q2 and 1H. Performance has improved QoQ.

Auto-ID Solutions Business (Overseas)

Sales and OI increased YoY for Q2 and 1H.

- Base business: Sales and OI increased due to robust demand captured through efforts in sales, manufacturing and logistics divisions.
- Primary Labels business: Sales and OI increased owing to solid sales to the daily commodities industry and price revisions covering for higher costs.

Auto-ID Solutions Business (Japan)

Sales and OI increased YoY for Q2 and 1H.

Sales increased thanks to continued strong momentum of consumables sales, covering sluggish mechatronics sales. OI increased due to higher sales, increase in gross profit on export backed by strong printer sales in the Overseas business, and control of SG&A expenses.



Sales and OI by Business Segment

			FY2022
			Apr-Sep
	uto-ID olutions	Total Sales	70,463 (61,820)
		Operating	3,962
bu	usiness	Income	(2,809)
	Overseas Japan	Total Sales	34,878 (26,234)
		Operating	3,029
		Income	(1,875)
		Total Sales	35,585
		Operating	933
		Income	<i></i>
Consolidated		Total Sales	70,463 (61,820)
(i	ncl. eliminations)	Operating	3,776
		Income	(2,622)

		,
FY2021	YoY	
Apr-Sep		excl. FX impact
60,261	+16.9%	+6.9%
(55,693)	(+11.0%)	(+5.1%)
2,762	+43.4%	+26.9%
(2,365)	(+18.8%)	(+15.0%)
25,284	+37.9%	+14.0%
(20,715)	(+26.6%)	(+10.7%)
1,873	+61.7%	+32.4%
(1,476)	(+27.0%)	(+14.8%)
34,977	+1.7%	+1.7%
888	+5.0%	+15.3%
60,261	+16.9%	+6.9%
(55,693)	(+11.0%)	(+5.1%)
2,779	+35.8%	+19.4%
(2,382)	(+10.1%)	(+6.3%)

^{*} Figures in parentheses exclude the Russian business.



Sales and OI by Business Segment

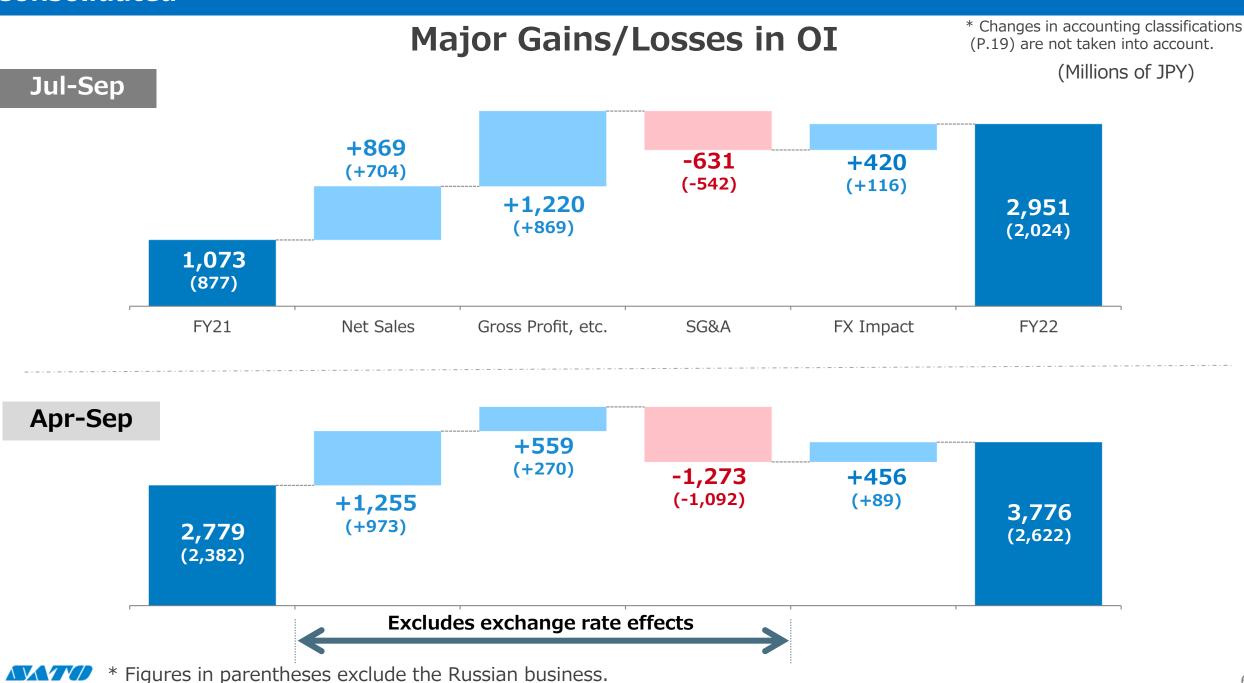
			FY2022
			Jul-Sep
	to-ID lutions	Total Sales	36,777 (32,001)
		Operating	3,051
bu	siness	Income	(2,124)
	Overseas Japan	Total Sales	18,483 (13,707)
		Operating	2,109
		Income	(1,182)
		Total Sales	18,294
		Operating	941
		Income	J 11
Consolidated		Total Sales	36,777 (32,001)
(ir	ncl. eliminations)	Operating	2,951
		Income	(2,024)

FY2021	YoY			
Jul-Sep	101	excl. FX impact		
30,084	+22.2%	+10.3%		
(27,772)	(+15.2%)	(+8.3%)		
1,001	3.0x	2.6x		
(805)	(2.6x)	(2.5x)		
12,354	+49.6%	+20.5%		
(10,043)	(+36.5%)	(+17.4%)		
698	3.0x	2.4x		
(502)	(2.4x)	(2.1x)		
17,729	+3.2%	+3.2%		
303	3.1x	3.2x		
30,084	+22.2%	+10.3%		
(27,772)	(+15.2%)	(+8.3%)		
1,073	2.7x	2.4x		
(877)	(2.3x)	(2.2x)		

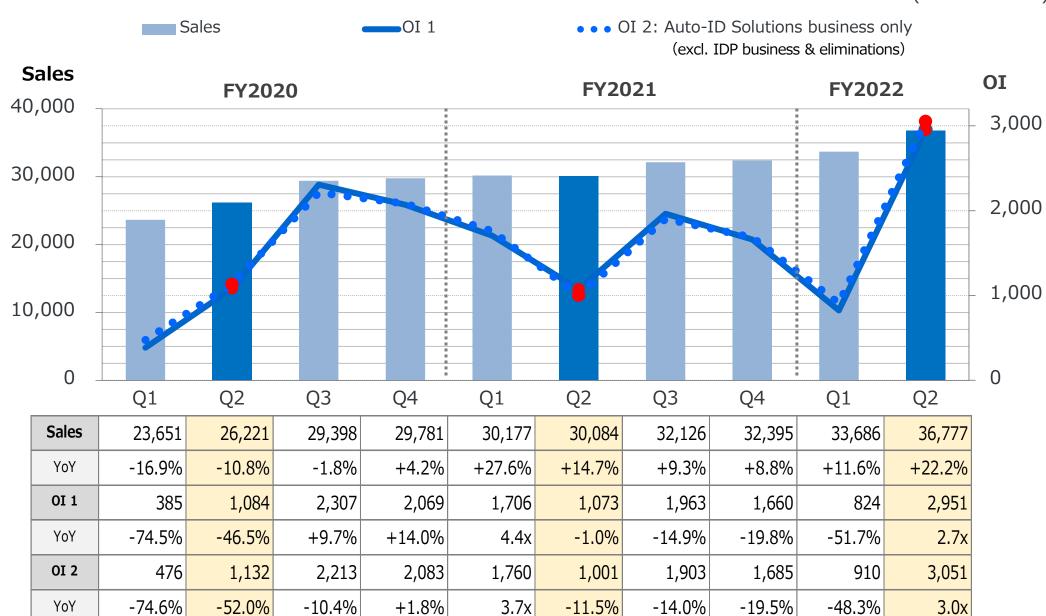
^{*} Figures in parentheses exclude the Russian business.



Consolidated



Quarterly Sales & OI





Consolidated Results

(Millions of JPY)

	FY2022
	Apr-Sep
Net Sales	70,463 (61,820)
Operating	3,776
Income	(2,622)
Operating Income %	5.4% (4.2%)
Ordinary Income	4,968 (2,775)
Profit attributable to	3,229
owners of parent	(1,981)
Effective Tax Rate	25.0%
EBITDA*	6,392 (4,859)

Change	YoY
	101
+10,201	+16.9%
(+6,126)	(+11.0%)
+996	+35.8%
(+239)	(+10.1%)
+0.7pt	-
(-0.0pt)	_
+2,272	+84.3%
(+559)	(+25.2%)
+1,380	+74.7%
(+443)	(+28.9%)
-0.7pt	-
+1,417	+28.5%
(+503)	(+11.6%)
	+10,201 (+6,126) +996 (+239) +0.7pt (-0.0pt) +2,272 (+559) +1,380 (+443) -0.7pt +1,417

Average exchange rates for Apr-Sep FY22: JPY 134.03/USD, JPY 138.76 /EUR, Apr-Sep FY21: JPY 109.81 /USD, JPY 130.88 /EUR FX sensitivity for FY22: JPY +461million in sales and JPY +9million in OI for +1 JPY against USD and assuming all others move by the same ratio



^{*} EBITDA = Operating Income + Depreciation + Amortization

[•] Depreciation for Apr-Sep FY22: JPY 2,459 million (2,079 million)

[·]Amortization for Apr-Sep FY22: JPY 156 million (156 million)

Apr-Sep FY21: JPY 2,076 million (1,854 million) Apr-Sep FY21: JPY 117 million (117 million)

^{*} Figures in parentheses exclude the Russian business.

Consolidated Results

(Millions of JPY)

	FY2022
	Jul-Sep
Net Sales	36,777 (32,001)
Operating	2,951
Income	(2,024)
Operating Income %	8.0% (6.3%)
Ordinary Income	2,918 (2,023)
Profit attributable to	2,033
owners of parent	(1,528)
Effective Tax Rate	24.7%
EBITDA*	4,266 (3,151)

		(1411110115 01 3F 1)
FY2021 Jul-Sep	Change	YoY
30,084	+6,693	+22.2%
(27,772)	(+4,228)	(+15.2%)
1,073	+1,877	2.7x
(877)	(+1,146)	(2.3x)
3.6%	+4.5pt	-
(3.2%)	(+3.2pt)	- 2 0x
1,051	+1,867	2.8x
(834)	(+1,189)	(2.4x)
762	+1,270	2.7x
(621)	(+907)	(2.5x)
21.3%	+3.4pt	-
2,176	+2,089	+96.0%
(1,867)	(+1,284)	(+68.8%)
-		

Average exchange rates for Apr-Sep FY22: JPY 134.03 /USD, JPY 138.76 /EUR, Apr-Sep FY21: JPY 109.81 /USD, JPY 130.88 /EUR FX sensitivity for FY22: JPY +461million in sales and JPY +9million in OI for +1 JPY against USD and assuming all others move by the same ratio



^{*} EBITDA = Operating Income + Depreciation + Amortization

[•] Depreciation for Jul-Sep FY22: JPY 1,234 million (1,047 million)

[·]Amortization for Jul-Sep FY22: JPY

⁸⁰ million (80 million)

Jul-Sep FY21: JPY 1,043 million (929 million) Jul-Sep FY21: JPY 59 million (59 million)

^{*} Figures in parentheses exclude the Russian business.

Overview

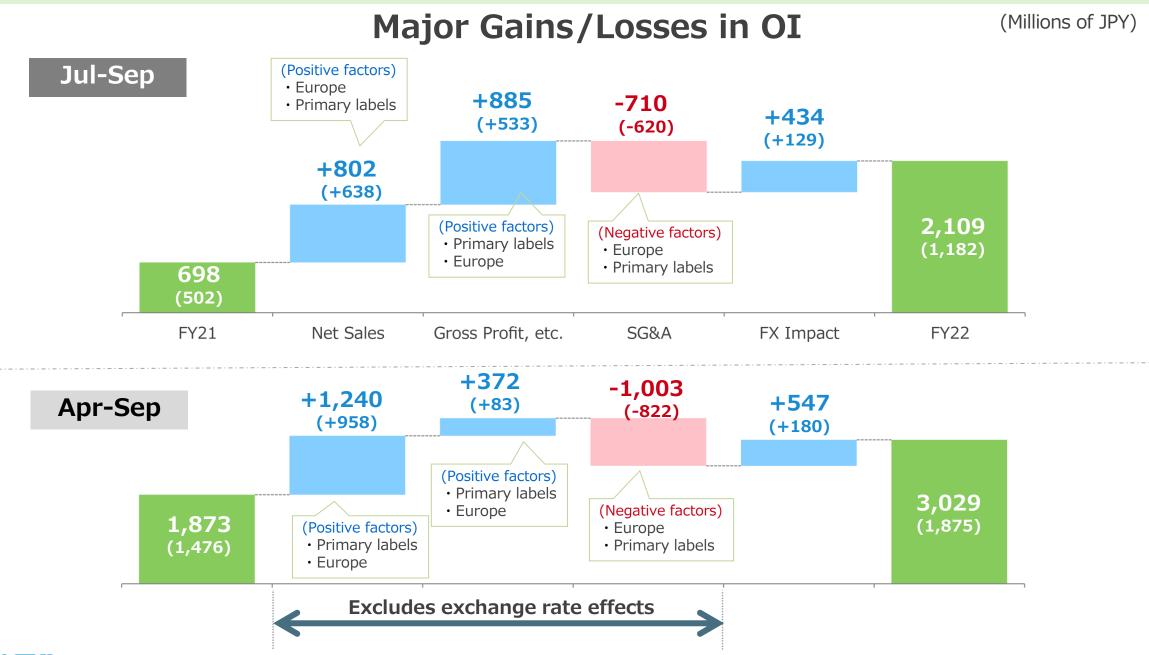
Jul-Sep Sales and OI increased in all regions due to steadily capturing robust demand through instilled *koto-uri* and improvements in manufacturing and logistics, together with progress in price revisions.

	FY2022	FY2021	Change		
	Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep	Change	YoY	excl. FX impact
Total Sales	18,483 (13,707)	12,354 (10,043)	+6,128 (+3,663)	+49.6% (+36.5%)	+20.5% (+17.4%)
Gross Profit	6,875 (5,342)	3,992 (3,495)	+2,882 (+1,847)	+72.2% (+52.8%)	-
Gross Profit %	37.2% (39.0%)	32.3% (34.8%)	+4.9pt (+4.2pt)	-	-
Operating Income	2,109 (1,182)	698 (502)	+1,411 (+680)	3.0x (2.4x)	2.4x (2.1x)
Operating Income %	11.4% (8.6%)	5.7% (5.0%)	+5.8pt (+3.6pt)	- -	- -

	FY2022	FY2021	Change		
	Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Change	YoY	excl. FX impact
Total Sales	34,878	25,284	+9,593	+37.9%	+14.0%
Total Sales	(26,234)	(20,715)	(+5,518)	(+26.6%)	(+10.7%)
Gross Profit	12,150	8,686	+3,464	+39.9%	-
GIOSS FIORIC	(9,876)	(7,705)	(+2,170)	(+28.2%)	-
Gross Profit %	34.8%	34.4%	+0.5pt	-	-
GIUSS FIUIL 70	(37.6%)	(37.2%)	(+0.4pt)	-	-
Operating Income	3,029	1,873	+1,155	+61.7%	+32.4%
Operating Income	(1,875)	(1,476)	(+399)	(+27.0%)	(+14.8%)
Operating Income %	8.7%	7.4%	+1.3pt	-	-
Operating Income %	(7.1%)	(7.1%)	(+0.0pt)	-	-

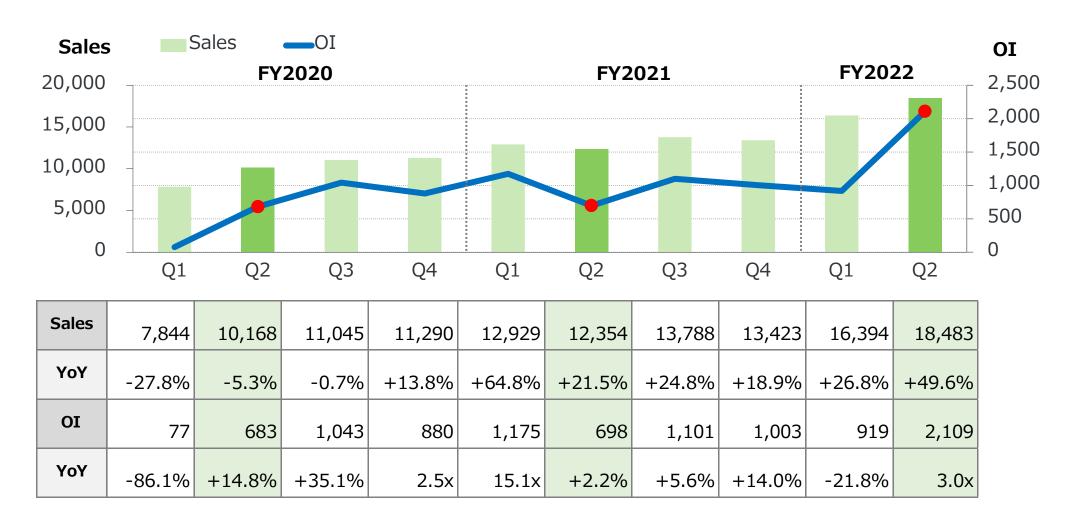


^{*} Figures in parentheses exclude the Russian business.



^{*} Figures in parentheses exclude the Russian business. Details shown in the bubble include the Russian business.

Quarterly Sales & OI





Breakdown by Region: The Americas



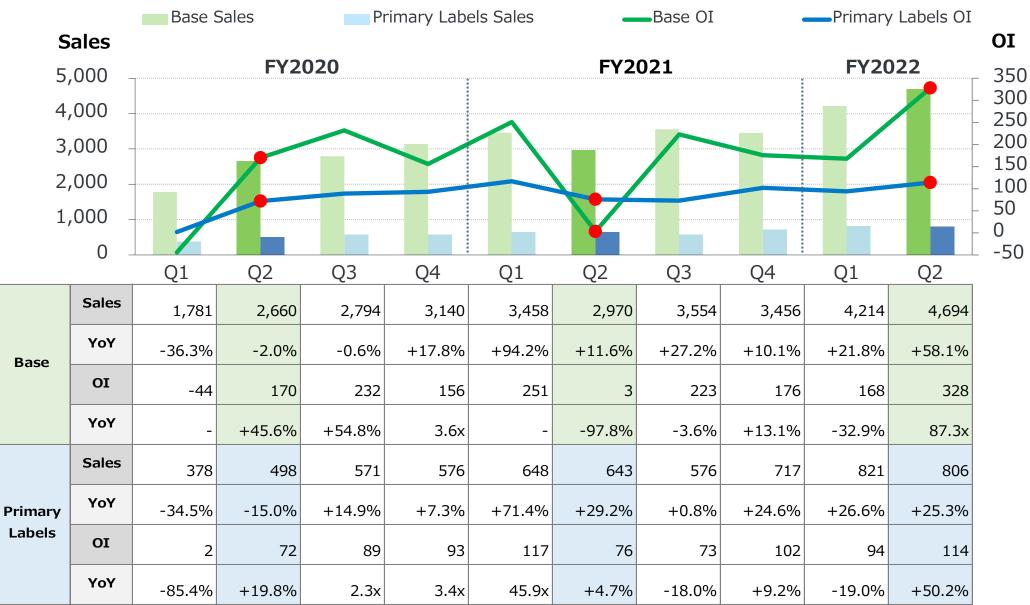
Base business: Sales and OI increased owing to efforts to capture robust demand mainly in the U.S. retail market, together with efforts of price revisions and reduction in backlog of printer orders.

Primary Labels business: Sales and OI increased due to robust demand in the daily commodities industry and price revisions.

		FY2021	FY2020	Change		
		Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep	Change	YoY	excl. FX impact
Base	Total Sales	4,694	2,970	+1,724	+58.1%	+27.1%
base	Operating Income	328	3	+324	87.3x	72.0x
Primary Labels · Achernar	Total Sales	806	643	+162	+25.3%	+14.1%
· Prakolar	Operating Income	114	76	+38	+50.2%	+53.3%
Total	Total Sales	5,501	3,614	+1,887	+52.2%	+24.8%
local	Operating Income	442	79	+362	5.5x	4.9x

		FY2022	FY2021	Change		
		Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Change	YoY	excl. FX impact
Base	Total Sales	8,909	6,429	+2,480	+38.6%	+14.3%
Dasc	Operating Income	497	255	+241	+94.8%	+62.4%
Primary Labels · Achernar	Total Sales	1,627	1,292	+334	+25.9%	+12.7%
· Prakolar	Operating Income	209	193	+15	+8.2%	+9.8%
Total	Total Sales	10,536	7,721	+2,814	+36.5%	+14.0%
- Otal	Operating Income	706	448	+257	+57.5%	+39.7%

The Americas: Quarterly Sales & OI



Breakdown by Region: Europe



Base business: Sales and OI increased due to efforts to focus on better-performing industries such as restaurants and retail, progress in price revisions, and reduction in backlog of printer orders.

Primary Labels business: Sales and OI increased as Okil expanded business into existing accounts in food and beverages, and progressed price revisions.

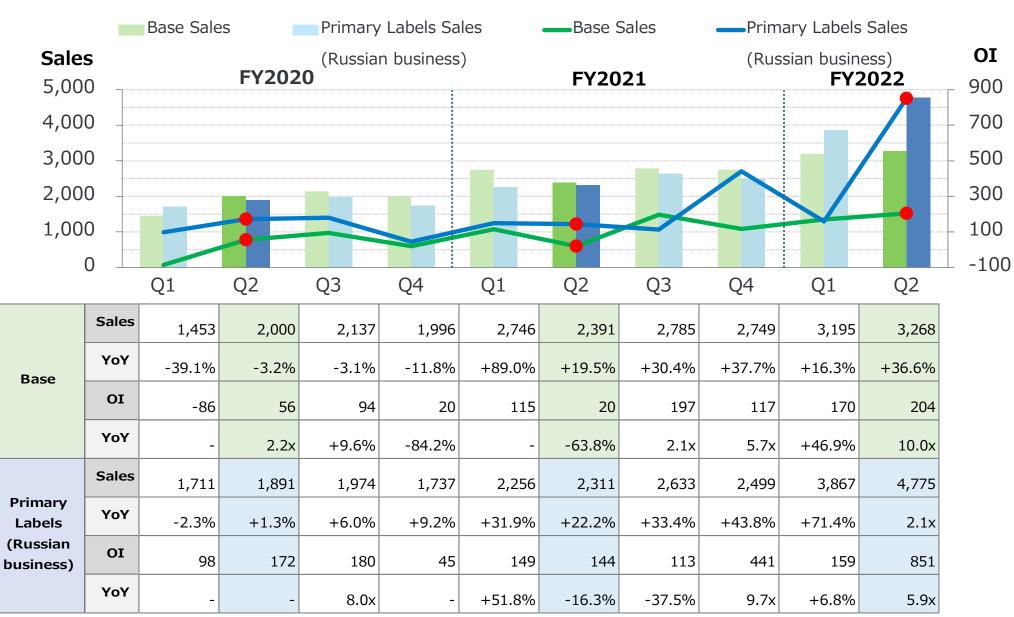
		FY2022	FY2021	Change			
			Jul-Sep Jul-Sep		YoY	excl. FX impact	
Bass	Total Sales	3,268	2,391	+876	+36.6%	+27.5%	
Base	Operating Income	204	20	+184	10.0x	9.5x	
Primary Labels	Total Sales	4,775	2,311	+2,464	2.1x	+33.9%	
(Russian business)	l Gtai Gaics	(0)	(0)	(0)	-	-	
· Okil	Operating	851	144	+707	5.9x	4.0x	
· X-Pack	Income	(-75)	(-51)	(-24)	-	-	
Total	Total Sales	8,043 (3,268)	4,703 (2,391)	+3,340 (+876)	+71.0% (+36.6%)	+30.6% (+27.5%)	
	Operating	1,056	164	+891	6.4x	(+27.5%) 4.7 x	
	Income	(128)	(-31)	(+159)	-	_	

			FY2021	Change			
		Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Change	YoY	excl. FX impact	
Bees	Total Sales	6,463	5,138	+1,324	+25.8%	+18.6%	
Base	Operating Income	374	136	+238	2.8x	2.6x	
Primary Labels	Total Sales	8,643	4,568	+4,075	+89.2%	+29.0%	
(Russian business)	Total Sales	(0)	(0)	(0)	-	-	
· Okil	Operating	1,010	293	+717	3.4x	2.4x	
· X-Pack	Income	(-142)	(-103)	(-38)	-	-	
Total	Total Sales	15,106 (6,463)	9,707 (5,138)	+5,399 (+1,324)	+55.6% (+25.8%)	+23.5% (+18.6%)	
	Operating	1,385	429	+956	3.2x	2.4x	
	Income	(232)	(32)	(+199)	(7.1x)	(8.0x)	



^{*} Figures in parentheses exclude the Russian business.

Europe: Quarterly Sales & OI





Breakdown by Region: Asia/Oceania

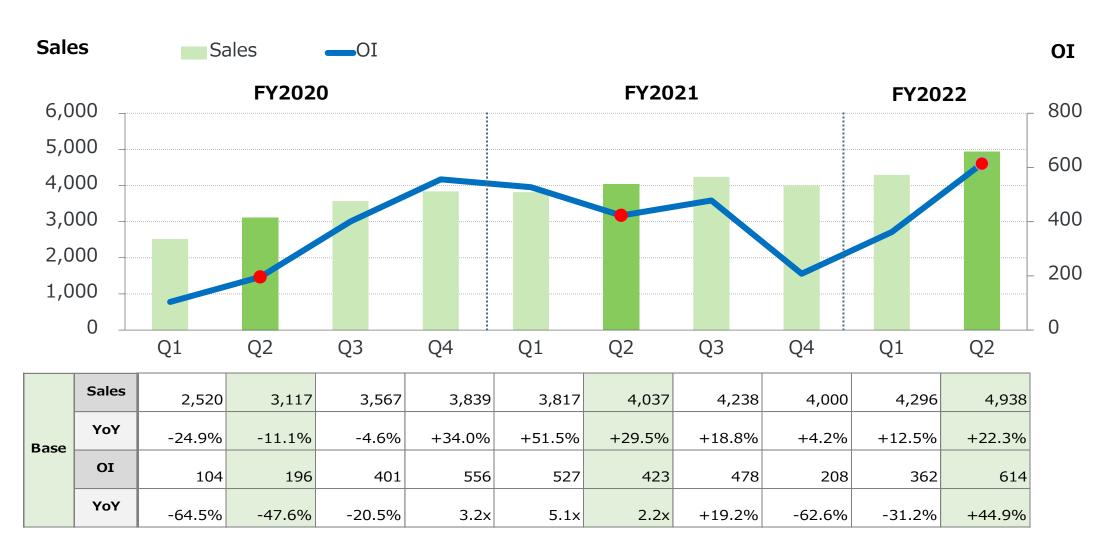


Base business: Sales increased driven by strong performance in Southeast Asian subsidiaries and Argox in Taiwan.

OI increased due to higher sales and improvement in factory profits backed by higher printer shipments.

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	FY2022	FY2021	Change -			
	Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep		YoY	excl.FX Impact	
Total Sales	4,938	4,037	+900	+22.3%	+4.9%	
Operating Income	614	423	+190	+44.9%	+23.4%	
	FY2022	2022 FY2021				
	Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Change	YoY	excl.FX Impact	
Total Sales	9,234	7,855	+1,379	+17.6%	+2.4%	
Operating Income	976	950	+26	+2.7%	-11.0%	
	Operating Income Total Sales Operating	Total Sales 4,938 Operating Income FY2022 Apr-Sep Total Sales 9,234 Operating 976	Jul-Sep Jul-Sep Total Sales 4,938 4,037 Operating Income 614 423 FY2022 Apr-Sep FY2021 Apr-Sep Total Sales 9,234 7,855 Operating 976 950	Jul-Sep Jul-Sep Change Total Sales 4,938 4,037 +900 Operating Income 614 423 +190 FY2022	FY2022 FY2021 Change YoY Total Sales	

Asia/Oceania: Quarterly Sales & OI





Auto-ID Solutions Business (Japan)

Overview

Jul-Sep Sales increased due to continued strong momentum of consumables sales and price revisions, covering sluggish mechatronics sales.

OI increased thanks to higher sales, increase in gross profit on export backed by strong printer sales in the Overseas business, and control of SG&A expenses.

(Millions of JPY)

	FY2022	FY2021	Change	
	Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep	Change	YoY
Mechatronics Sales	7,168	7,331	-163	-2.2%
Consumables Sales	11,126	10,397	+728	+7.0%
Total Sales	18,294	17,729	+565	+3.2%
Gross Profit	8,620	8,203	+416	+5.1%
Gross Profit %	47.1%	46.3%	+0.8pt	-
Operating Income	941	303	+638	3.1x
Operating Income %	5.1%	1.7%	+3.4pt	_

	FY2022	FY2021	Change	
	Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Change	YoY
Mechatronics Sales	13,669	14,064	-394	-2.8%
Consumables Sales	21,916	20,913	+1,002	+4.8%
Total Sales	35,585	34,977	+608	+1.7%
Gross Profit	16,534	16,450	+84	+0.5%
Gross Profit %	46.5%	47.0%	-0.6pt	-
Operating Income	933	888	+44	+5.0%
Operating Income %	2.6%	2.5%	+0.1pt	-

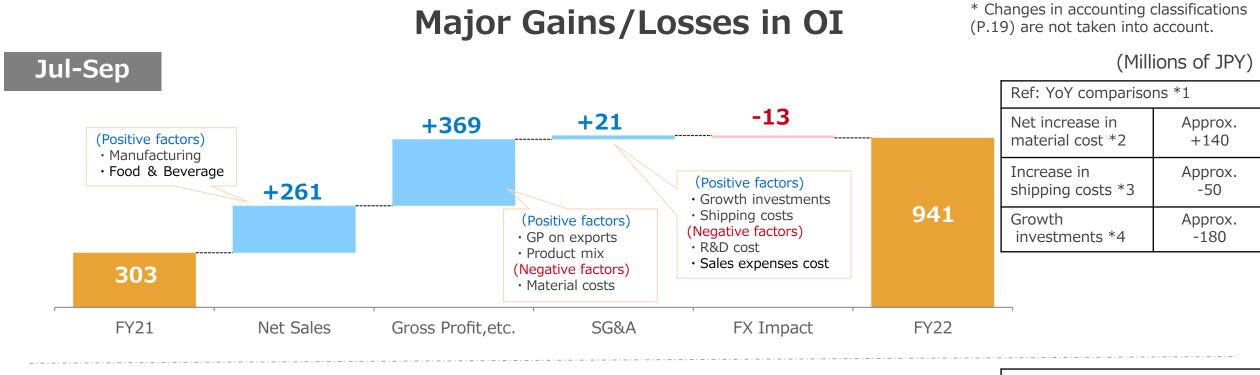
Mechatronics: Hardware (e.g., printers, automatic labelers, scanners, hand labelers), software and maintenance services. Consumables: Products such as variable information labels, RFID tags, primary labels (product labels) and ribbons.

Note 1: Total Sales is the sum of mechatronics, consumables, and others. Segmentation revised in FY21-Q4.

Note 2: Changes in accounting classifications of maintenance related costs from SG&A to COGS in FY22 lead to lower GPM (approx. 1 ppt).



Auto-ID Solutions Business (Japan)



Any Con						Rei
Apr-Sep	+285	+287	-436			Net ma
	1203	(Positive factors)		-91		Inc ship
888	(Positive factors) • Manufacturing • Health care (Negative factors) • Retail	 GP on exports (Negative factors) Material costs Product mix	(Negative factors) • R&D cost • Shipping costs		933	Gro inv *1 *2
	• Logistics Excludes	s exchange rate e	ffects	5	S	*3 *4

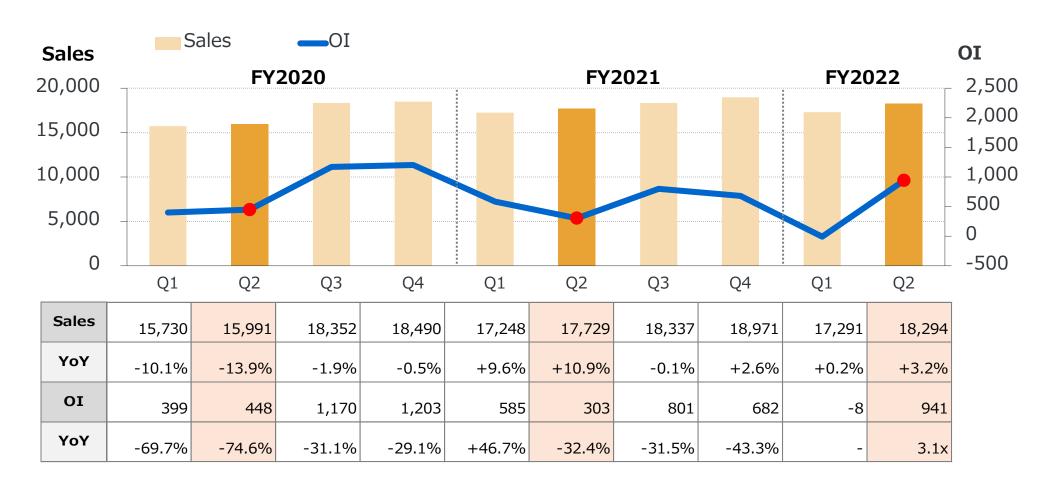
Ref: YoY comparisons *1						
Net increase in material cost *2	Approx. +420					
Increase in shipping costs *3	Approx. +140					
Growth investments *4	Approx. -100					

- *1: Excludes exchange rate effects.
- *2: Net total from higher material costs and price revision.
- *3: Due to use of air freights.
- *4: Developments of a standard printer platform and new IT infrastructure.

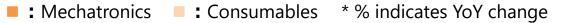
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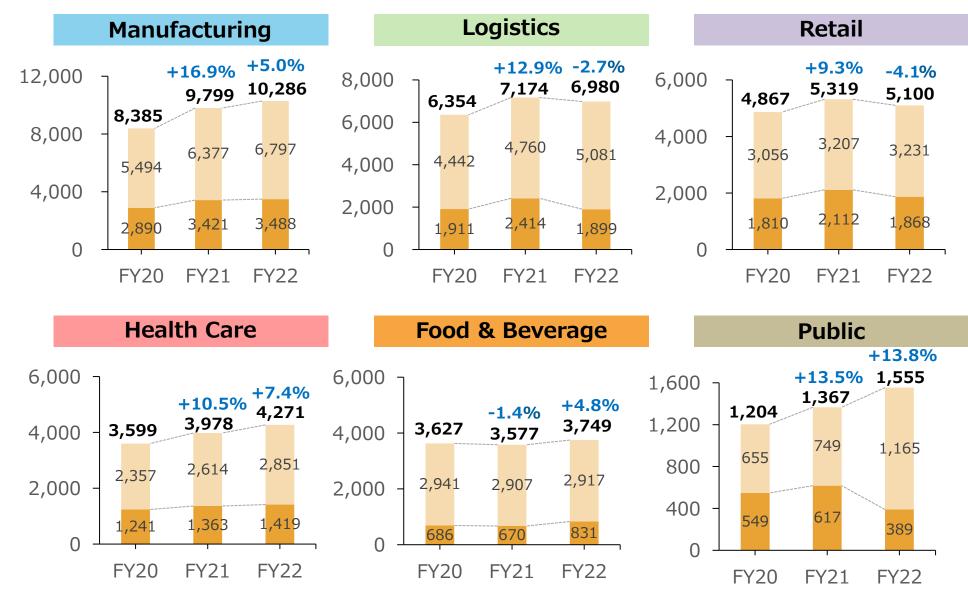
Auto-ID Solutions Business (Japan)

Quarterly Sales & OI









Sales by Vertical 1/2

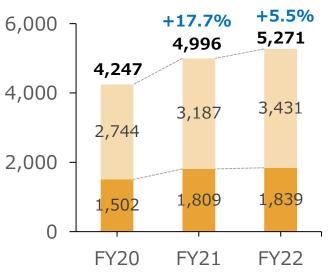
(Millions of JPY)

■ : Mechatronics ■ : Consumables * % indicates YoY change

Manufacturing

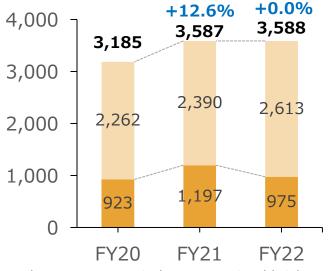
Logistics

Retail

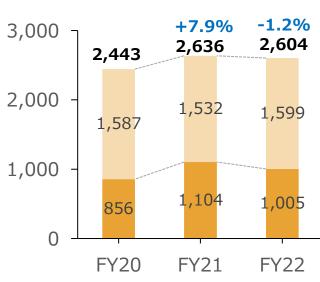


Due to increased demand for semiconductors, chemical, electronic components and electrical industries remained strong.

Meanwhile, it takes time for automobile and related industries to fully recover.



The e-commerce industry remained brisk. Demand for addressing labor shortages and DX, driven by increase in volume in various industries increased.



Despite a pause in growth at supermarkets, investments continued for DX, operational efficiency and shift to e-commerce. The e-commerce industry remained brisk.

SATO

Business

environ-

ment

Consumables grew across industries. Mechatronics increased due to efforts in capturing automation and RFID demand in response to labor shortages and DX (digital transformation). Consumables grew, driven mainly by the recovery of the wholesale industries. Despite mechatronics demand growing for automation and RFID for use in shipping/receiving control, overall sales declined, as last FY's figures included large orders in wholesaling.

Consumables increased, driven by recovery in apparel. Mechatronics continue to see demand from businesses seeking solutions to labor shortages but declined overall, as last FY's figures included large orders.



Sales by Vertical 2/2

+11.9%

1,898

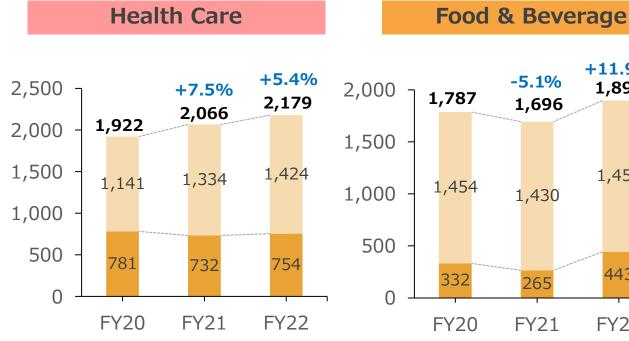
1,455

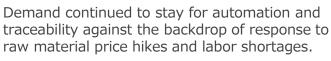
443

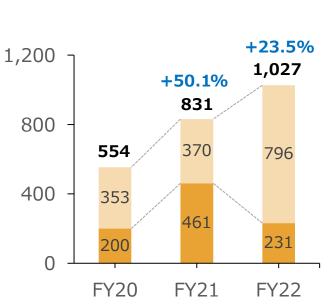
FY22

(Millions of JPY)

Mechatronics : Consumables * % indicates YoY change







Public

The overall business environment remained stable.

Business environment

SATO

RFID.

Consumables rose as demand from hospitals returned and RFID use for improving administrative efficiency increased. Mechatronics grew thanks to automation demand in the manufacturers of medical

Demand remained firm overall for solutions

address labor shortages. Investment trends

that improve administrative efficiency and

are back, particularly for automation and

devices and pharmaceuticals.

Consumables increased slightly, driven by food manufacturing. Mechatronics sales increased significantly thanks to automation related solutions in the food manufacturing and beverage industries.

Consumables increased significantly due to orders from large customers. Mechatronics sales declined, as last FY's figures included large orders.



FY2022 Consolidated Forecasts

<Figures include the Russian business>

(Millions of JPY)

	Apr-Sep		Oct-	-Mar	FY2022		
	Results	YoY	Plan	YoY	Plan	YoY	
Net Sales	70,463	+16.9%	71,536	+10.9%	142,000	+13.8%	
Operating Income	3,776	+35.8%	4,723	+30.3%	8,500	+32.7%	
Ordinary Income	4,968	+84.3%	4,731	+40.7%	9,700	+60.1%	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	3,229	+74.7%	1,170	-39.8%	4,400	+16.0%	
-	<reference></reference>						

EBITDA*

10,861

←FY2021

13,600 +25.2%

* EBITDA = Operating Income + Depreciation + Amortization Exchange rates assumed in FY22 forecast: JPY 134/USD, JPY 138/EUR Average exchange rates for Apr-Sep, FY22: JPY 134.03 /USD, JPY 138.76 /EUR Average exchange rates for FY21: JPY 112.39/USD, JPY 130.54/EUR

FY2022 Consolidated Forecasts <Breakdown>

(Millions of JPY)

			Apr-Sep			Oct-Mar			FY2022		
		Initial Plan	Results	Change	Initial Plan	Revised Plan	Change	Initial Plan	Revised Plan	Change	
Oversees	Net Sales	21,600	26,234	+4,634	22,400	25,765	+3,365	44,000	52,000	+8,000	
Overseas Exclude the Russian business	Operating Income	1,300	1,875	+575	1,900	1,624	-275	3,200	3,500	+300	
lanan	Net Sales	36,200	35,585	-614	38,800	39,414	+614	75,000	75,000	+0	
Japan	Operating Income	1,700	933	-766	3,100	2,666	-433	4,800	3,600	-1,200	
	Net Sales	57,800	61,820	+4,020	61,200	65,179	+3,979	119,000	127,000	+8,000	
Consolidated	Operating Income	3,000	2,622	-377	5,000	4,377	-622	8,000	7,000	-1,000	
	Eliminations	0	-186	-186	0	86	+86	0	-100	-100	
The Russian	Net Sales	0	8,643	+8,643	0	6,356	+6,356	0	15,000	+15,000	
business	Operating Income	0	1,153	+1,153	0	346	+346	0	1,500	+1,500	

<Reference>

< Oct-Mar Revision >

Overseas Net Sales: Expect to increase due to further instilling Koto-uri and the depreciation of the yen.

Operating Income: Expect to decrease due to normalization of backlog of printer orders and risks including further

inflation and cost rise.

Japan Net Sales: Expect to increase reflecting strong consumables.

Operating Income: Expect to decrease due to higher raw material costs for consumables, delay in sales expansion of

high GPM printers, and the yen depreciation, despite efforts to control SG&A expenses.

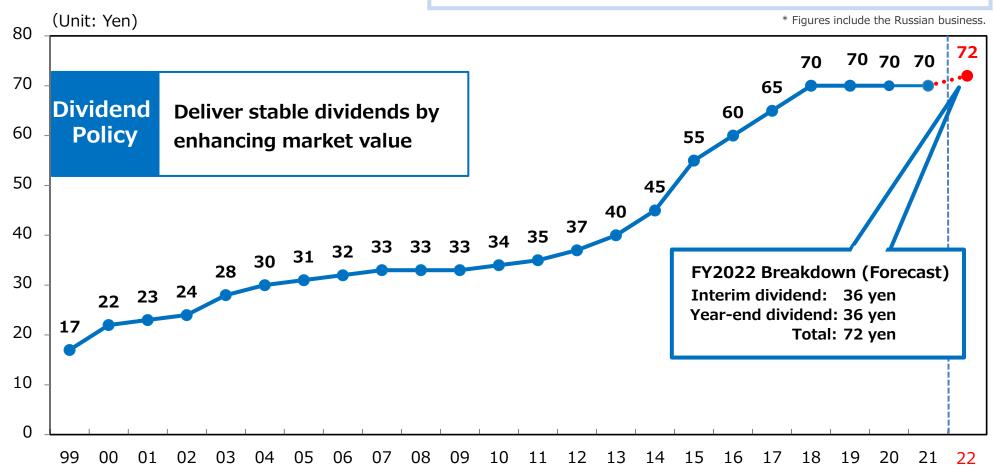


Dividends

(JPY per share)

Interim dividend payment of 36 yen is scheduled.

	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22 * (Forecast)
EPS	112.5yen	-56.1yen	385.9yen	112.7yen	131.8yen
ROE	6.9%	-3.6%	24.4%	6.3%	6.7%
(Ref.) Payout ratio	62%	_	18%	62%	55%





(FY)

FY22 Apr-Sep
Results
and
Full-Year Forecasts

FY22 Oct-Mar Initiatives

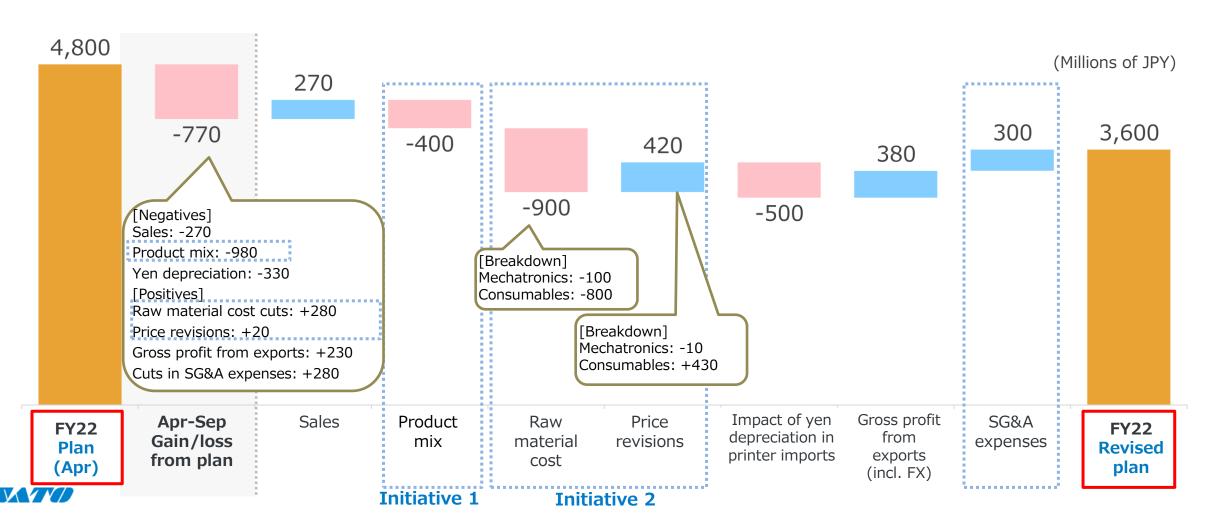


Japan: Operating Income (vs. initial plan)

Product mix: Fell short of target in 1H due to sluggish mechatronics sales. Expecting to improve in 2H.

Raw material cost, price revisions: Cost reductions and price revisions exceeded planned figures in 1H, but higher cost for consumables is expected for 2H, which we will partly cover for with further price revisions.

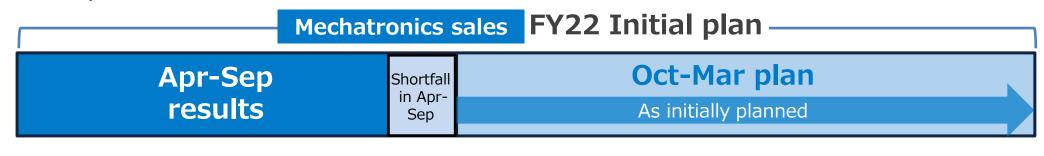
SG&A expenses: We will continue to cut SG&A expenses in 2H.



Japan Initiatives: 1. Product mix — Strengthen mechatronics sales

We expect 2H sales to be in line with the initial plan.

We will focus on closing business negotiations by optimizing resources to capture prominent industry-wide demands.



	Apr-Sep	Oct-Mar	Changes
Customer needs			ndustry-standard needs would become more rominent (Labor savings, DX)

SATO's capability to close deals





Optimize resources

- Strengthen R&D and manufacturing (Automation, RFID)
- Focus on closing negotiations

Challenges from 1H: Manhours were required in revising consumable prices
1H achievements: Effects of "All-in sales" mindset

began showing



Japan Initiatives: 1. Strengthen mechatronics sales (Details)

Industry-standard needs

(Labor savings, DX)

• SCM* in apparel EC



Inventory control and SCM in manufacturing



Strengthen R&D and manufacturing



Automation

- Strengthen specializing teams.
- Enhance development and manufacturing.
 (More collaboration with partners)

RFID

- Expand our production capacity.
- Expand sales of nextgeneration products and services. (Temperature logger tag, etc.)







Focus on closing negotiations

- "All-in sales" mindset
- Strengthen koto-uri approach for targeted applications and solutions.
 (Sales and Market Strategy depts.)
- Increase visibility of business negotiations. (Marketing)
- Refine efforts to promote printer replacements. (Sales and servicing)
- Systemize our actions to revise consumable prices.

(Approach by order volume of customers)

Large/medium-lot customers: Sales, inside sales, and servicing

Small-lot customers: Contact center

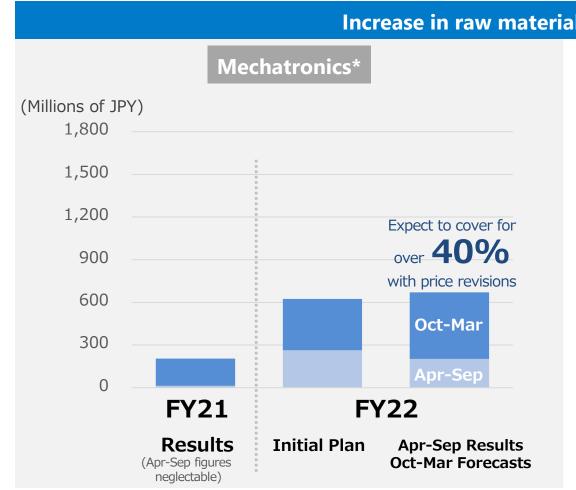


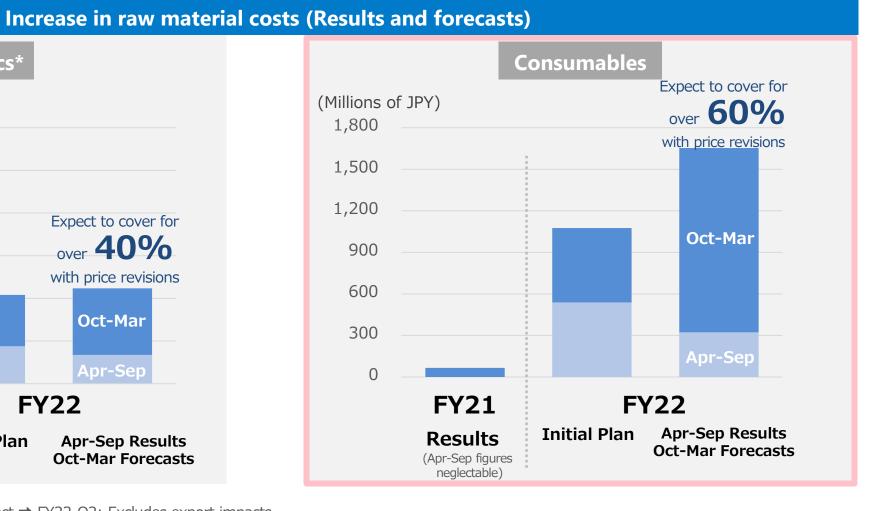




Japan Initiatives: 2. Further price revisions

Raw material costs for consumables are expected to exceed forecasts from April and of mechatronics. As the effect of price revisions would accumulate over the medium- to long-term run, we will continue to revise consumable prices further, aiming to cover for 60% of total cost increases during this fiscal year.





FY22-Q1: Included export impact → FY22-Q2: Excludes export impacts



^{*} Revised premise.

Japan Initiatives: Summary — Actions for FY22 2H and onward

Continue to optimize resources and get us back on track to recovery.

- **Strengthen mechatronics sales**
- Revise prices further to realize cumulative effects
- Control SG&A expenses*

 * Excluding growth investments
- Focus on automation and RFID
- Maintain growth trend in recurring businesses (consumables, servicing)



FY22 2H FY23 onward













FY2022 Consolidated Forecasts <Breakdown> Re-posting

(Millions of JPY)

			Apr-Sep			Oct-Mar		FY2022		
			Api -Scp		oct Hai			112022		
		Initial Plan	Results	Change	Initial Plan	Revised Plan	Change	Initial Plan	Revised Plan	Change
Overseas	Net Sales	21,600	26,234	+4,634	22,400	25,765	+3,365	44,000	52,000	+8,000
Overseas Exclude the Russian business	Operating Income	1,300	1,875	+575	1,900	1,624	-275	3,200	3,500	+300
Japan	Net Sales	36,200	35,585	-614	38,800	39,414	+614	75,000	75,000	+0
Japan	Operating Income	1,700	933	-766	3,100	2,666	-433	4,800	3,600	-1,200
	Net Sales	57,800	61,820	+4,020	61,200	65,179	+3,979	119,000	127,000	+8,000
Consolidated	Operating Income	3,000	2,622	-377	5,000	4,377	-622	8,000	7,000	-1,000
	Eliminations	0	-186	-186	0	86	+86	0	-100	-100
The Russian	Net Sales	0	8,643	+8,643	0	6,356	+6,356	0	15,000	+15,000
business	Operating Income	0	1,153	+1,153	0	346	+346	0	1,500	+1,500

<Reference>

< Oct-Mar Revision >

Overseas Net Sales: Expect to increase due to further instilling Koto-uri and the depreciation of the yen.

Operating Income: Expect to decrease due to normalization of backlog of printer orders and risks including further

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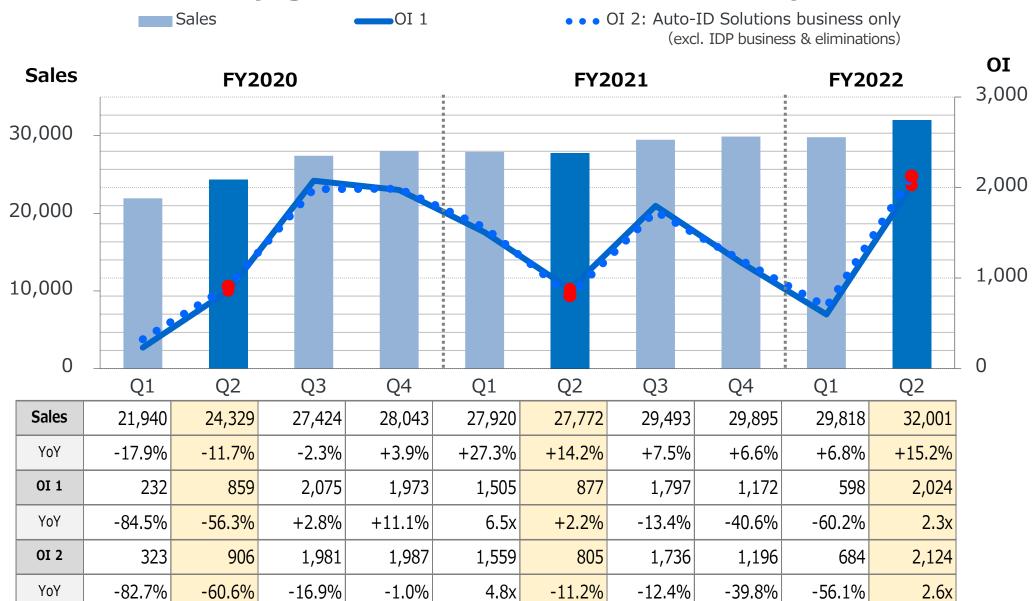
Appendix

Performance data Pages 36-48

SATO terminologies Pages 49-52

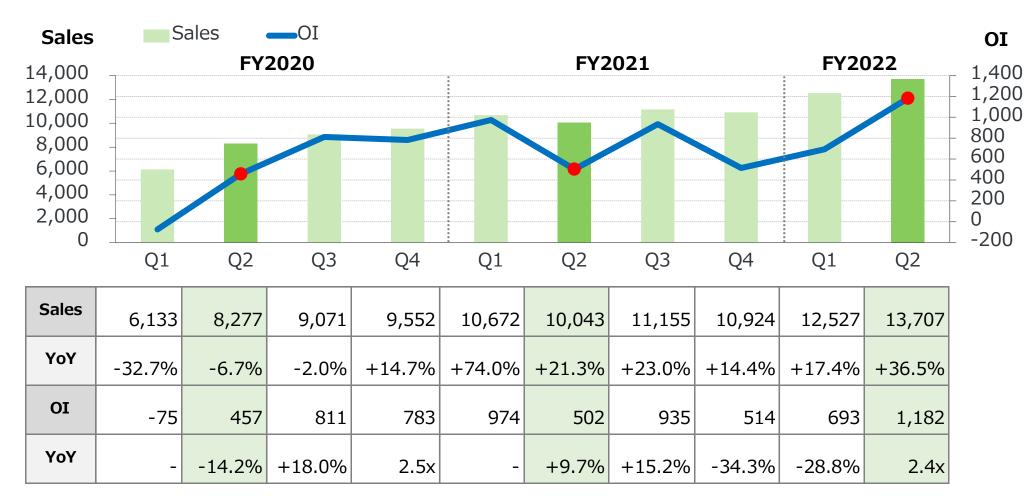


Quarterly Sales & OI (Figures exclude the Russian business)





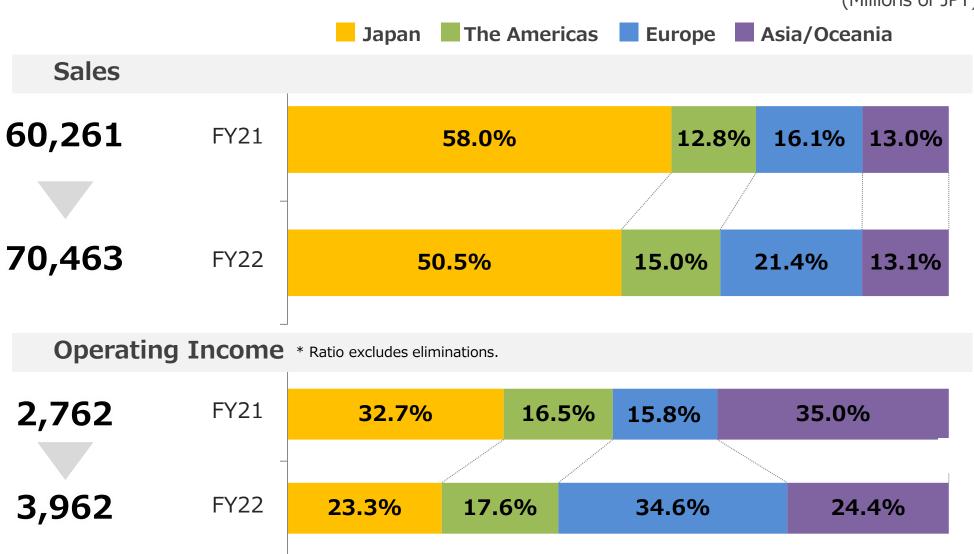
Quarterly Sales & OI (Figures exclude the Russian business)

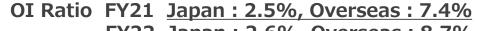






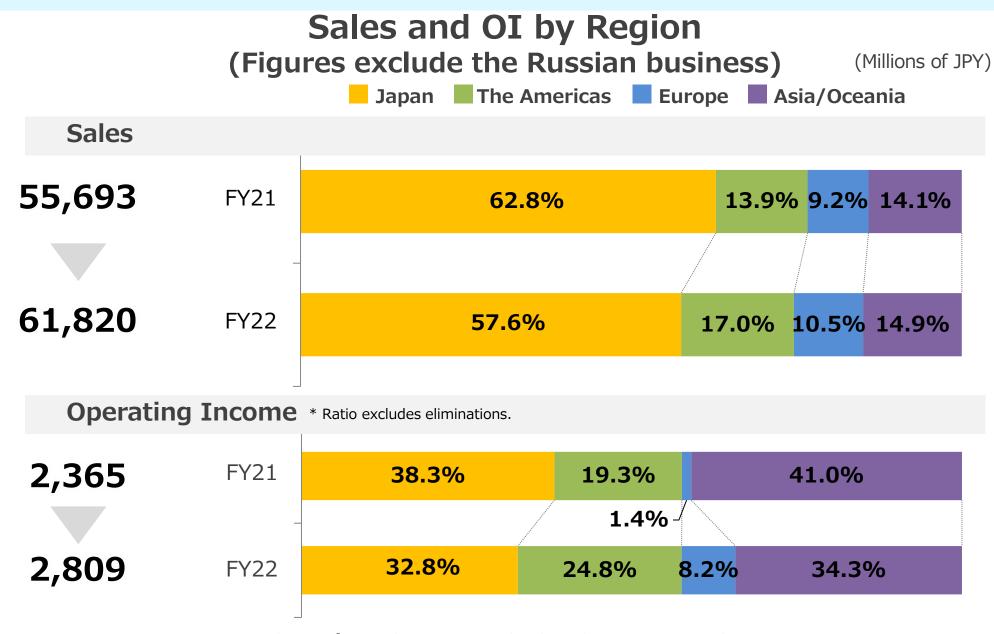
(Millions of JPY)





FY22 Japan: 2.6%, Overseas: 8.7%

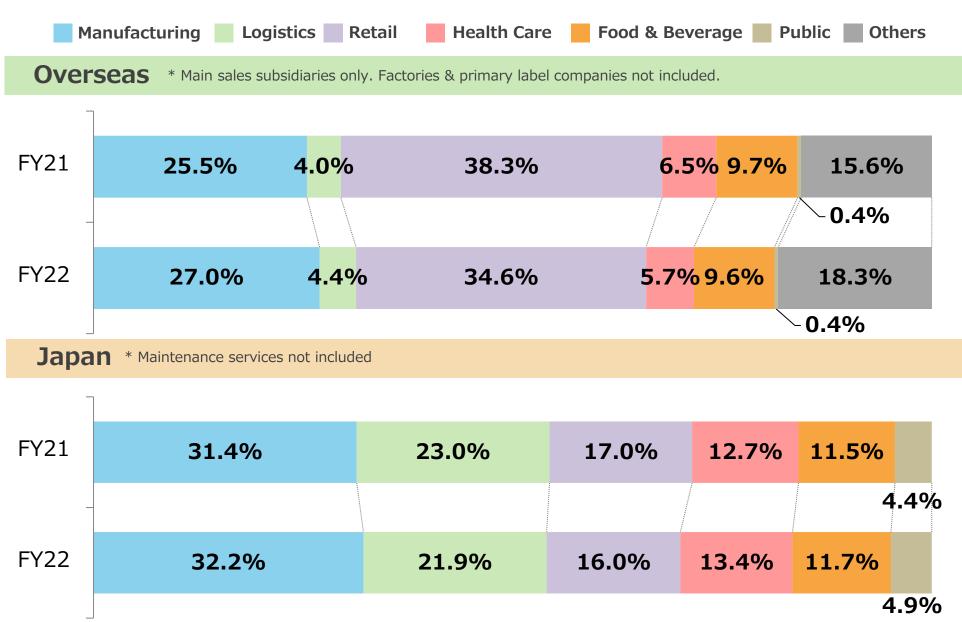






OI Ratio FY21 <u>Japan : 2.5%, Overseas : 7.1%</u> FY22 <u>Japan : 2.6%, Overseas : 7.1%</u>

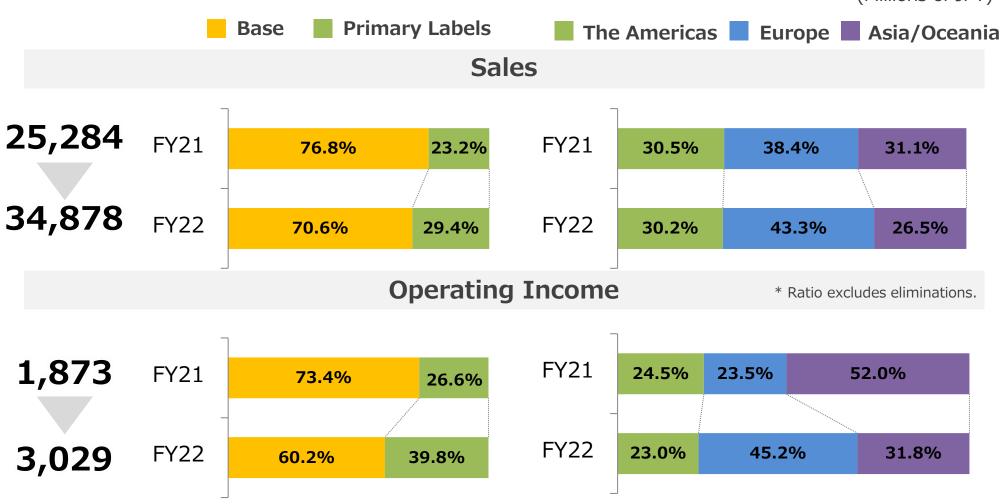
Sales by Vertical





Sales and OI by Business Segment/Region

(Millions of JPY)



OI ratio:

FY21 <u>Base</u>: 6.9%, <u>Primary Labels</u>: 8.3% FY22 Base: 7.5%, <u>Primary Labels</u>: 11.9% FY21 <u>The Americas</u> : 5.8%, <u>Europe</u> : 4.4%

Asia/Oceania: 12.1%

FY22 The Americas: 6.7%, Europe: 9.2%

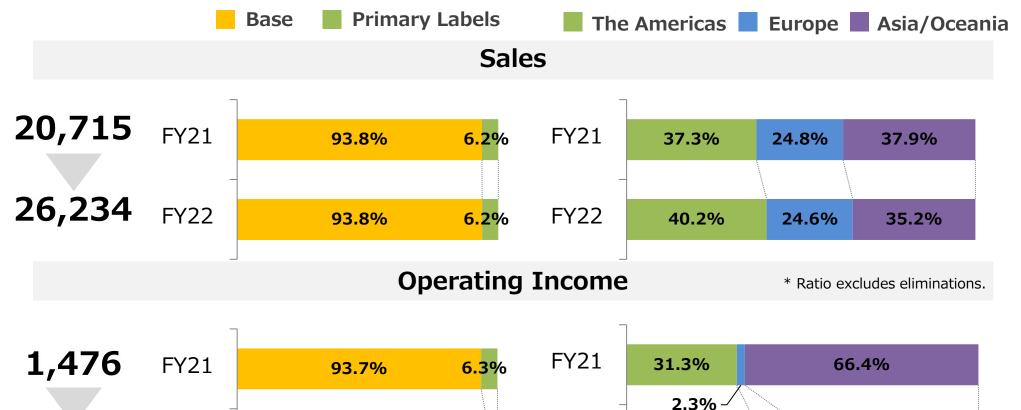
Asia/Oceania: 10.6%



Sales and OI by Business Segment/Region

(Figures exclude the Russian business)

(Millions of JPY)



3.5%

FY22

OI ratio:

1,875

FY22

FY21 <u>Base</u>: 6.9%, <u>Primary Labels</u>: 6.9% FY22 <u>Base</u>: 7.5%, <u>Primary Labels</u>: 4.1%

96.5%

FY21 The Americas: 5.8%, Europe: 0.6% Asia/Oceania: 12.1%

12.1%

51.0%

FY22 The Americas : 6.7%, Europe : 3.6%

Asia/Oceania: 10.6%

36.9%



Breakdown by Business Segment

Jul-Sep

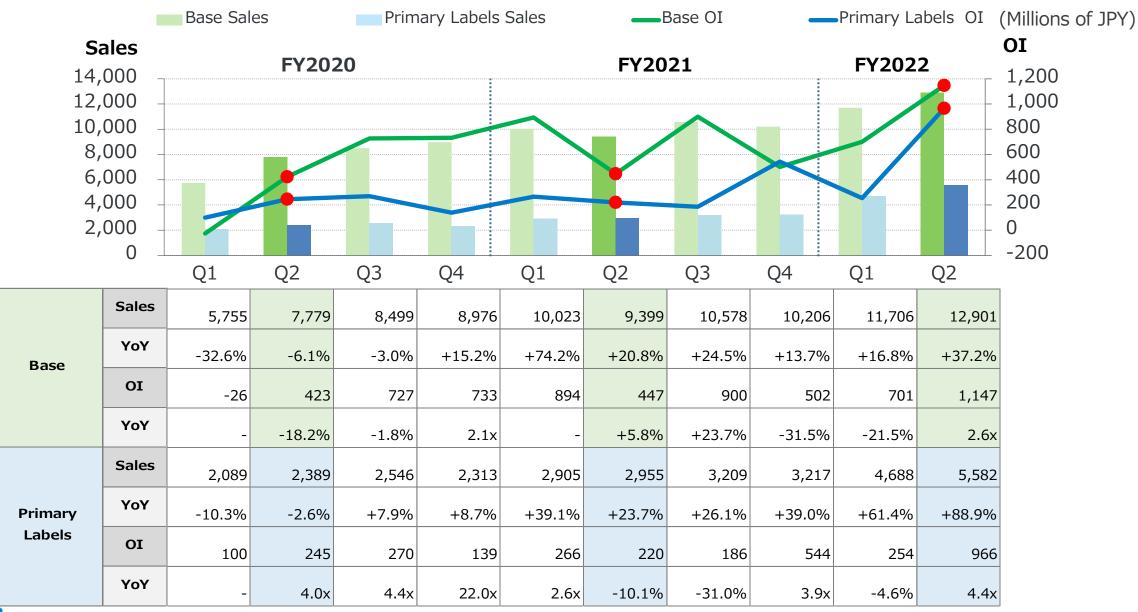
		FY2022	FY2021	Change		
		Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep Jul-Sep	Change	YoY	excl. FX impact
Base	Total Sales	12,901	9,399	+3,501	+37.2%	+17.7%
base	Operating Income	1,147	447	+699	2.6x	2.2x
Drimary Labole	Total Sales	5,582 (806)	2,955 (643)	+2,626 (+162)	+88.9% (+25.3%)	+29.6% (+15.3%)
Primary Labels	Operating Income	966 (38)	220 (24)	+ 745 (+13)	4.4x (+56.7%)	3.1x (2.9x)
Eliminations	Operating Income	-3 (-3)	29 (29)	- 32 (-32)	<u>-</u>	-
Total	Total Sales	18,483 (13,707)	12,354 (10,043)	+6,128 (+3,663)	+49.6% (+36.5%)	+20.5% (+17.4%)
Total	Operating Income	2,109 (1,182)	698 (502)	+1,411 (+680)	3.0x (2.4x)	2.4x (2.1x)

		FY2022	FY2021	Change		
ł		Apr-Sep	Apr-Sep	Change	YoY	excl. FX impact
Base	Total Sales	24,607	19,423	+5,183	+26.7%	+10.6%
base	Operating Income	1,849	1,342	+506	+37.7%	+20.7%
Primary Labels	Total Sales	10,270 (1,627)	5,860 (1,292)	+4,410 (+334)	+75.2% (+25.9%)	+25.4% (+13.9%)
Pililal y Labels	Operating Income	1,220 (66)	486 (89)	+ 733 (-23)	2.5x (-25.7%)	+85.3% (+38.2%)
Eliminations	Operating Income	-40 (-40)	44 (44)	- 84 (-84)	-	-
Total	Total Sales	34,878 (26,234)	25,284 (20,715)	+9,593 (+5,518)	+37.9% (+26.6%)	+14.0% (+10.7%)
lotai	Operating Income	3,029 (1,875)	1,873 (1,476)	+1,155 (+399)	+ 61.7% (+27.0%)	+32.4% (+14.8%)

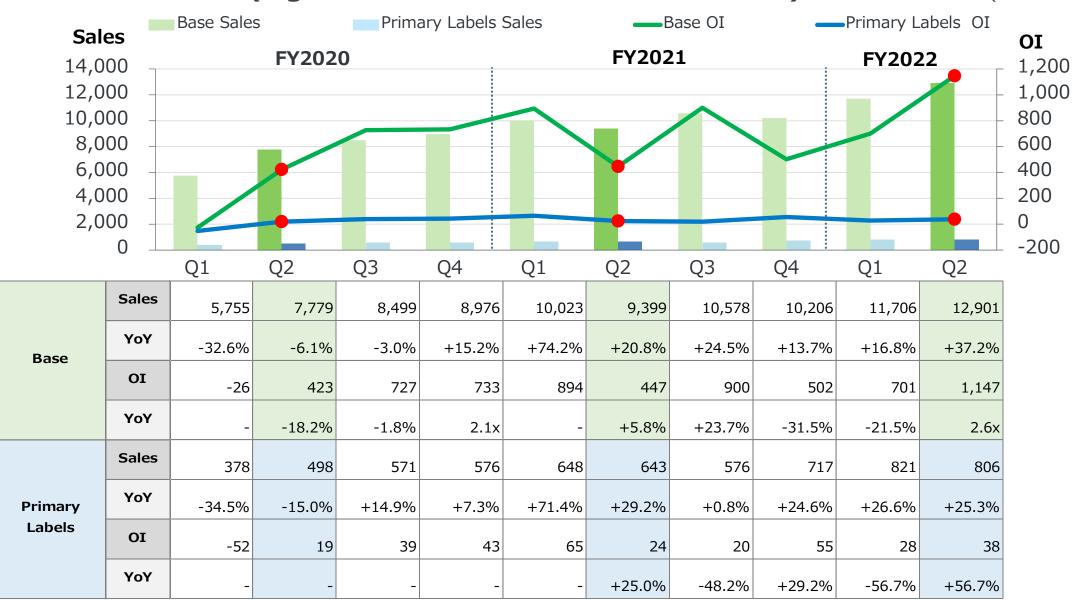


^{*} Figures in parentheses in the lower part of the table exclude the Russian business.

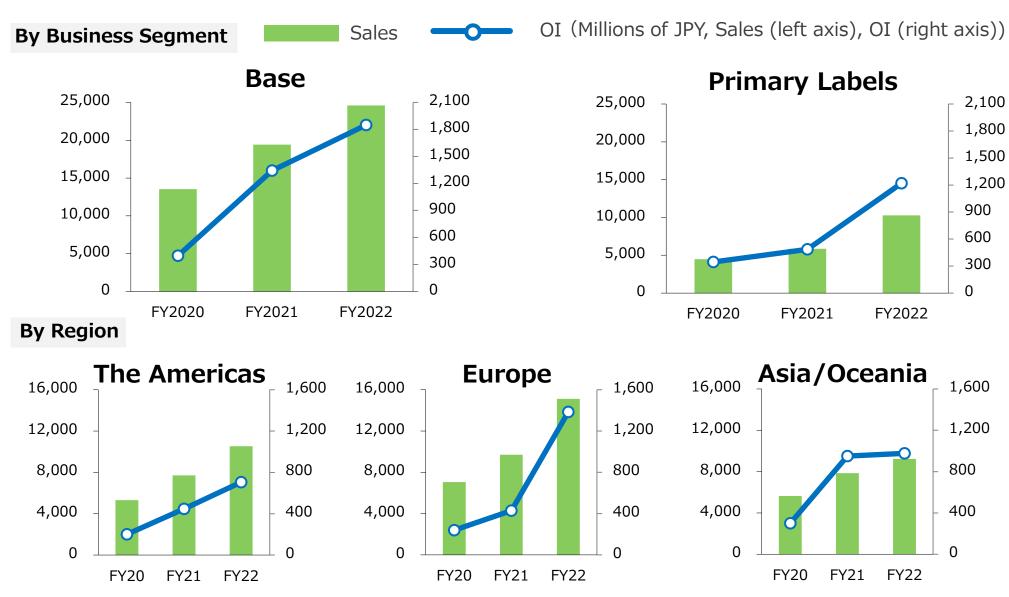
Quarterly Sales & OI



Quarterly Sales & OI (Figures exclude the Russian business)

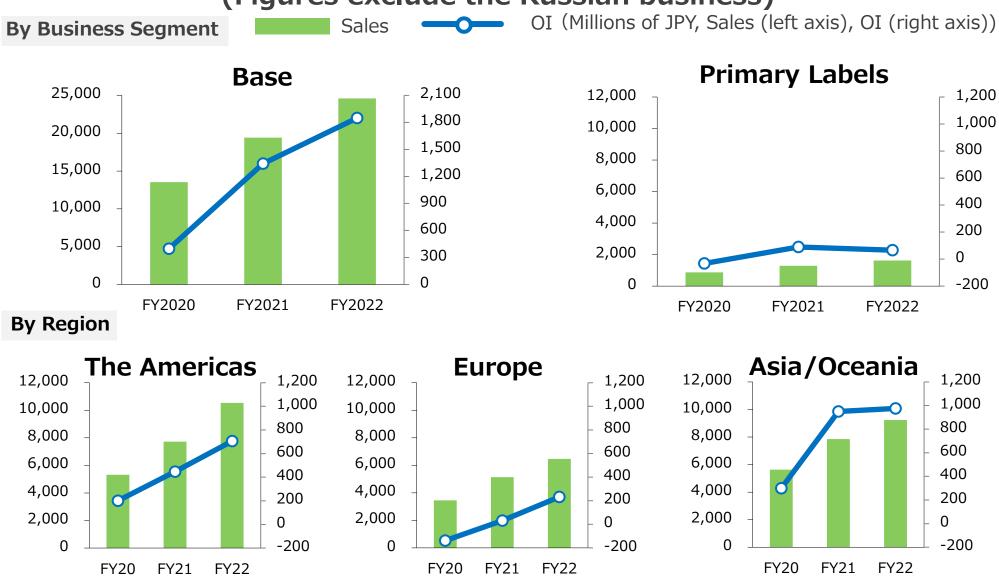


Sales and OI Trends by Business Segment and Region





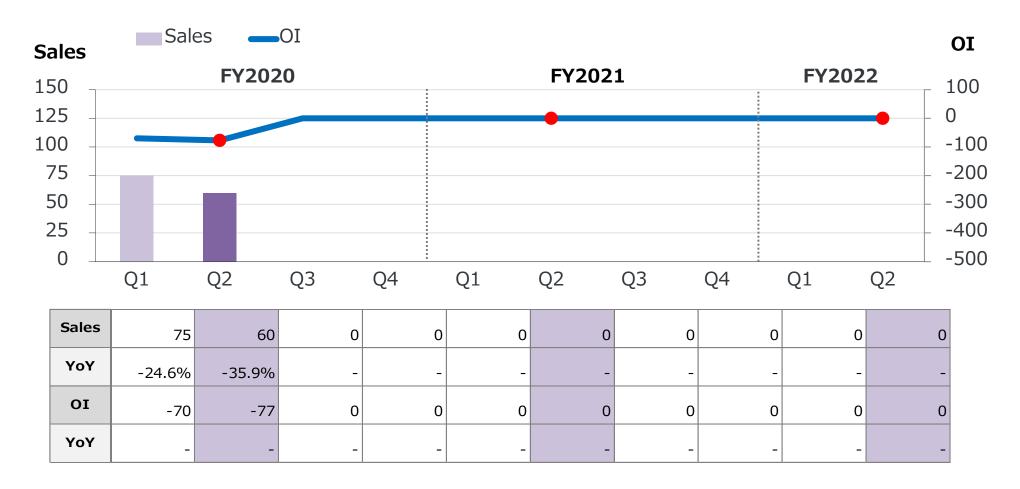
Sales and OI Trends by Business Segment and Region (Figures exclude the Russian business)





IDP Business

Quarterly Sales & OI





^{*} IDP business: Transferred all shares of DataLase to DataLase Holdings Ltd in Sep 2020

SATO terminologies (1/4)

(*) Underlined terms are described under its own heading

	SATO-unique business concepts/initiatives	Description*
1	Auto-ID Solutions business	Our business that carries out <u>DCS & Labeling</u> . It is specifically about integrating barcode printers/labels, software and services designed in-house with products and technologies from partners to resolve customers' worksite issues. This business is separated into Overseas and Japan segments, with the former comprised of the <u>Base</u> and the <u>Primary Labels businesses</u> .
2	Base business	Business of <u>tagging</u> variable information, such as prices, manufactured dates and expiration dates in the form of barcodes and more.
3	Primary Labels business	Overseas business of <u>tagging</u> fixed information via product labels and other media. This business operates from SATO Group companies; <u>Achernar</u> (Argentina), <u>Prakolar</u> (Brazil), <u>Okil</u> (Russia) and <u>X-Pack</u> (Russia). Due to the uncertain external environment, the Russian business is excluded from our forecasts/targets for FY2022 onwards.
4	IDP business	Develops, manufactures and sells materials used mainly in Inline Digital Printing (IDP). SATO Holdings transferred all shares of SATO consolidated subsidiary DataLase Ltd. that conducted the business to DataLase Holdings Limited in September 2020. IDP is a direct marking technology comprised of a special heat-sensitive pigment that can be applied as a coating to virtually any substrate and exposed to a laser beam to create a color change.
5	Koto-uri (Selling the solution, not the product)	Sales approach of selling not the product but combinations of products in the form of solutions that include hardware, <u>consumables</u> , maintenance services and software, together with ROI and other value propositions for the customer. The opposite concept of "Mono-uri", or selling single products.
6	Tagging	The process of physically attaching to something data that identifies and/or locates it. This involves digitizing information of the things it is tagged to so that the tagged data can be fed to and processed by core IT systems. This concept, connecting people and things with information, has remained central to SATO's business, ever since our days of pioneering in hand labelers that attached price and other information to products.
7	DCS & Labeling (DCS: Data Collection Systems)	SATO's business model that incorporates auto-ID technology (such as barcodes and RFID) with barcode printers and labels/labeling services to (a) systematically collect data on people and things at business sites and (b) offer tagging/labeling of information, using accurate, efficient and optimized solutions. In line with increasingly sophisticated user needs, SATO also pursues a policy of open innovation and partnerships to provide value-added technologies such as image/voice recognition, location tracking and sensors to its legacy business model to better solve customer challenges.



SATO terminologies (2/4)

(SATO-unique business concepts/initiatives	Description
8	Tagging for Sustainability	Business model set as the next stage of <u>DCS & Labeling</u> that aims to resolve customers' operational and societal challenges geared toward achieving a sustainable world. Shaped using new technologies and media not limited to labels that innovate our traditional domain of <u>tagging</u> .
9	Genbaryoku	Our core competency of going to customer sites to understand their operations and identify the essence of issues to offer optimized solutions. It is our ability to (1) address a wide range of market, industry and application needs with our expertise in sites of operations, (2) integrate products, services and technologies into solutions, working together with strategic partners, and (3) offer maintenance services and solutions continuously to build trust and establish lasting relationships with customers.
10	"All-in sales" mindset	The idea of developing customer touch points not only through in-person sales but together with inside sales, marketing and servicing functions as well to produce high-quality leads for more efficient sales conversations. Also refers to the mindset for all of our non-sales functions in the value chain to take of pursuing customer-centricity.
11	Teiho	SATO's unique system of reports and proposals in effect since 1976. Employees share new information and ideas they come across on-site every day with top management via the Teiho system. Teiho helps top management gain immediate insight into the internal/external business situation to facilitate quick decision-making and execution of initiatives, while allowing "participation by all" in the management of the company. As Teiho reports are directly addressed to top management, it is also an effective means of compliance monitoring to prevent malpractice and other inappropriate behavior and assist in corporate governance. Some of our global offices have also started Teiho, with more to follow.
Products, services, Technologies		Description
1	Mechatronics	All products that are not <u>consumables</u> , including hardware (e.g., printers, automatic labelers, scanners, hand labelers), software and maintenance services. They generate higher gross profit margin than <u>consumables</u> . Printers are manufactured in Malaysia, Vietnam and Taiwan.
2	Consumables	"Consumable" products such as <u>variable information labels</u> , <u>RFID</u> tags, primary labels (product labels) and ribbons. They generate lower gross profit margin than <u>mechatronics</u> but incur low SG&A expenses ratio as they are typically sold through recurring business.



SATO terminologies (3/4)

	Products, services, technologies	Description
3	Auto-ID Solutions	Combination of products such as printers, labels, software and maintenance services using auto-ID technologies to carry out DCS & Labeling . To meet ever complex and diverse customer challenges, SATO also looks beyond its own resources and interests by pursuing partnerships, for example, to enable location technologies to track items by tags and inventory/worker movements in real time for managing manufacturing processes and visualizing productivity on-site.
4	SOS (SATO Online Services)	A cloud-based monitoring service for printers that enables preventative maintenance and on-the-spot troubleshooting. With SOS, users can view the status of their cloud-connected printers at a glance and manage them centrally with ease, while SATO can increase productivity of its service personnel, allowing for even small service teams (as is often the case overseas) to provide improved support.
5	AEP (Application Enabled Printing)	A powerful on-board intelligence which enables customization of printer operation. Printers can link to other systems on a stand-alone basis, without going through any computers.
6	Variable information labels	Blank or pre-printed labels used to print information elements such as barcode, product price and manufactured or expiry date that vary with every customer's site of operation. Unlike fixed information labels that are identical and printed at large quantities in a single run, variable information labels can be printed ondemand as and when needed.
7	RFID (Radio Frequency Identification)	A type of auto-ID technology that uses radio waves to read/write data from/to an RFID tag without making contact. RFID offers faster read rates (from reading multiple tags at the same time) and greater read range than traditional barcode technology. Also, unlike barcodes, RFID tags can be read when covered by another object or stained, and are read/write-capable to enable updates to the encoded data. Because of these key benefits, RFID can significantly improve operational efficiency.



SATO terminologies (4/4)

Key acquisitions since 2012		Description
1	Argox Information Co., Ltd. (Taiwan)	[2012] Company engaging in the development, production and sales of entry level printers.
2	Achernar S.A. (Argentina)	[2012] Company specializing in primary labels.
3	Magellan Technology Pty Ltd. (Australia)	[2013] Company from which SATO acquired its business including PJM (Phase Jitter Modulation), a highly superior RFID technology that can quickly and accurately identify large volumes of tagged items stacked or stored in any physical orientation even in the presence of metals and liquids. Now SATO Vicinity Pty Ltd.
4	Okil-Holding, JSC (Russia)	[2014] Primary labels company in which SATO acquired 75% ownership stake. X-Pack is affiliated with Okil.
5	Prakolar Rótulos Autoadesivos LTDA. (Brazil)	[2015] Company specializing in primary labels.
	Overseas subsidiaries founded after 2017	Description
1	X-Pack (Russia)	[2017] A subsidiary producing and selling shrink sleeves, in-mould labels and soft packages in <u>Primary Labels business</u> , owned 60% by SATO Holdings.
2	SATO Productivity Solutions Mexico S.A. de C.V.	[2019] A sales subsidiary, mainly focusing on automobile industry, owned nearly 100% by SATO Holdings.





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